ED 358 848 IR 054 453

TITLE Massachusetts Public Libraries in Crisis: The Burden

of Non-Resident Lending and Borrowing. Report of the Senate Committee on Post Audit and Oversight. Senate

1635.

INSTITUTION Massachusetts State Legislature, Boston. Senate

Committee on Post Audit and Oversight.

PUB DATE Jun 92 NOTE 70p.

PUB TYPE Legal/Legislative/Regulatory Materials (090)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC03 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Budgeting; Financial Support; *Interlibrary Loans;

*Library Circulation; Library Planning; *Library Services; Library Statistics; *Public Libraries; State Programs; *User Needs (Information); Users

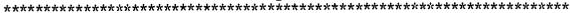
(Information)

IDENTIFIERS *Library Funding; *Massachusetts

ABSTRACT

This report examines the present fiscal condition and changing nature of the system of public libraries in Massachusetts. Despite the impact of budget cuts on operating hours and staffing, the demand for library services has increased concomitantly with the information needs of individuals, professionals, and businesses. Many of the municipal libraries are finding that as much as 20% to 30% of their library users reside in other communities. This blurring of service delivery areas is causing financial strain at the local level where over 87% of all library revenues are generated. The growth in non-resident circulation demands that new funding strategies be examined in order to keep public libraries viable for all citizens. Following an introduction, the findings of the committee are presented in three sections: (1) Public Libraries in the United States: (2) Public Libraries in Massachusetts, including Massachusetts public library support and activity for fiscal years 1988-91, as well as interlibrary loans, reciprocal borrowing, and non-resident circulation; and (3) Conclusions and Recommendations. The first of two appendices contains tables showing total operating income, appropriated municipal income and total state grants as a percent of total operating income for fiscal years 1988 and 1991. The second appendix shows estimated non-resident circulation costs for Massachusetts cities and towns, for fiscal years 1988 and 1990. (ALF)

^{*} from the original document. *





^{*} Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
Office of Educational Research and Improvement
EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION
CENTER (ERIC)

- C This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originating it
- Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality
- Points of ciew or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily represent official OERI position or policy

SENATE No. 1635

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

REPORT

of the

SENATE COMMITTEE ON

POST AUDIT AND OVERSIGHT

entitled

"MASSACHUSETTS PUBLIC LIBRARIES

IN CRISIS: THE BURDEN OF NON-RESIDENT

LENDING AND BORROWING"

(under the provisions of Section 63 of Chapter 3 of the General Laws, as most recently amended by Chapter 557 of the Acts of 1986)

June 1992

PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS MATERIAL HAS BEEN GRANTED BY A. COMMONS



Commonwealth of Massachusetts

MASSACHUSETTS SENATE

The Honorable William M. Bulger President of the Senate

MASSACHUSETTS PUBLIC LIBRARIES IN CRISIS:

The Burden of Non-Resident Lending and Borrowing

(Senate 1635)

A Report of the

SENATE COMMITTEE ON POST AUDIT AND OVERSIGHT

Sen. Thomas C. Norton, Chairman

Sen. W. Paul White, Vice-Chairman Sen. Linda J. Melconian Sen. Robert A. Havern Senator Robert D. Wetmore Senator Christopher M. Lane Senator Matthew J. Amorello

Prepared by the

SENATE POST AUDIT AND OVERSIGHT BUREAU State House, Room 312 Boston, Massachusetts 02133 (617) 722-1252

Richard X. Connors, Esq., Director James L. Hearns, Senior Policy Analyst Andrew J. Parker, Senior Fiscal Analyst Bruce J. Prenda, Esq., Bureau Counsel Steven H. O'Riordan, Policy Analyst Claudia Andrea Bennett, Policy Analyst Michelle M. Blascio, Policy Analyst Jacqueline M. Pomfret, Policy Analyst

Principal Researcher: Steven H. O'Riordan

June 1992





The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

SENATE COMMITTEE ON POST AUDIT AND OVERSIGHT

June 15, 1991

Room 312, State House

Boston, MA 02133

RICHARD X. CONNORS

Bureau Director

(617) 722-1252

SEN. THOMAS C. NORTON Chairman (617) 722-1114

SEN. W. PAUL WHITE Vice-Chairman

Members

SEN. LINDA J. MELCONIAN SEN. ROBERT A. HAVERN SEN. ROBERT D. WETMORE SEN. CHRISTOPHER M. LANE SEN. MATTHEW J. AMORELLO

> Edward B. O'Neill Clerk of the Senate State House, Room 208 Boston, MA 02133

Dear Mr. O'Neill:

Pursuant to M.G.L. Chapter 3, Section 63 as most recently amended by Chapter 557 of the Acts of 1986, the Senate Committee on Post Audit and Oversight respectfully submits to the full Senate the following report:

Massachusetts Public Libraries in Crisis: The Burden of Non-resident Lending and Borrowing.

This report is based on research by the Senate Post Audit and Oversight Bureau. It examines the current financial condition of the Commonwealth's public libraries and the changing nature of the services demanded of the system.



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report by the Senate Committee on Post Audit and Oversight examines the present fiscal condition and changing nature of the Commonwealth's system of public libraries.

As far back as 1890, the Commonwealth recognized the educational and economic value of public libraries and viewed it to be in the "highest welfare to the community" to place a public library "within easy reach of every man, woman and child in the State". Today, nearly fifty-six percent of state residents are public library card holders. Public libraries support the lifelong learning needs of people, contribute to improving the overall quality of life, and support the economy of the Commonwealth. Public libraries are used to satisfy the work-related information needs for science and engineering (2.9 million visits per year), legal work (2.4 million visits), management and administration (2.6 million visits), and sales and marketing (2.3 million visits). In fact, over 24 percent of all public library visits are work-related.

The Commonwealth, through the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC), has supported and encouraged the concept of unrestricted and accessible library services to all Massachusetts citizens. Despite the impact of budget cuts on operating hours and staffing, the demand for library services has increased concomitantly with the information needs of individuals, professionals, and businesses.

In order to receive state library aid, public libraries must extend library services to all non-residents who are library card holders in other communities which also receive state aid. Many of the Commonwealth's municipal libraries are finding that as much as twenty to thirty percent of their library users reside in other communities. This blurring of service delivery areas is causing financial strain at the local level where over eighty-seven percent of all library revenues are generated. The growth in non-resident circulation demands that new funding strategies be examined in order to keep public libraries viable for all citizens.

FINDINGS

Public libraries in Massachusetts have fared better under the direction of the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners than the Commonwealth's public school libraries have under the direction of the Massachusetts Department of Education and better than the state's public college and university academic libraries.

In 1989, Massachusetts public libraries ranked twenty-first in total library collection expenditures per library; sixth in per capita collections expenditures; and eighth in average total collection expenditures. Conversely:

- ▶ In 1987, the National Center for Educational Statistics ranked Massachusetts <u>public</u> school libraries and media centers forty-sixth nationally in total collection expenditures per school (and per pupil).
- ▶ In 1990, Massachusetts ranked fifty-first behind the fifty states and the District of Columbia in library operating expenditures per student in academic libraries.



i

 State policies and regulations through the MBLC have resulted in both increased total library circulation and non-resident circulation. Costs associated with serving nonresident borrowers are not reimbursed by the state.

The Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners has supported the proliferation of Automated Resource Sharing Networks and encouraged unrestricted library services. These successful policies have resulted in the following:

- ► Total library circulation (the lending and borrowing of library materials) increased 17.6 percent between FY1988 and FY1991.
- ► Total non-resident circulation increased 40.7 percent during this same period.
- ► In FY1991, more than 12.5 percent of all loans made by municipal libraries were made to non-residents borrowers.
- ► The number of public libraries with more than 10 percent of their total circulation accounted for by non-residents increased from 81 to 103 from FY1988 to FY1991.
- Reductions in state appropriations to public libraries have negatively affected library services.

Massachusetts public libraries rely on state and local support more than libraries in most other states. Therefore, in addition to the costs associated with serving non-residents, reductions in state aid, and fiscal constraints on local budgets have negatively affected public library services in the Commonwealth. The Committee found that between FY1988 and FY1991:

- ► Real state appropriations for public libraries were reduced by over 33.0 percent.
- ► Total per capita library operating income for public libraries in Massachusetts decreased by 16.0 percent.
- ► Full-time equivalent (FTE) library staff's in Massachusetts have been reduced by an average of 13.4 percent.
- Expenditures on library materials (e.g. books and periodicals) were reduced by 5.3 percent.
- ► Total per capita library holdings (the number of books and other library materials) were reduced by 15.8 percent.
- ► Staff and operating income reductions have forced 130 communities to reduce weekly operating hours at public libraries by an average of 7.7 percent. Sixty communities were at or below the minimum hours open required by the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners in FY1991.



ii

 Before FY1990, no municipality applied for a waiver from the state's minimum appropriation requirement. In FY1992, forty-one municipalities requested waivers from this requirement.

Prior to FY1992, municipalities were required to appropriate an amount equal to the average of the prior three years library appropriation plus the 2½ percent increase allowed under Proposition 2½. The Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners was allowed by statute to grant waivers of this requirement to ten municipalities upon demonstration of fiscal hardship. The financial pressures facing many cities and towns in Massachusetts prompted the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners and the Legislature to relax the Municipal Appropriation Requirement (MAR) and allow for more waivers. The FY1992 budget allotted an additional fifteen appropriation requirement waivers which MBLC could grant, bringing an additional fifteen appropriation requirement waivers which MBLC could grant, bringing the state total to twenty-five. The FY1992 budget also altered the maintenance of effort standard requiring municipalities to maintain appropriations equal to the average of the past three years plus 2½ percent to ninety-five percent of the average appropriation for the past three years.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Massachusetts public libraries rely on state and local support more than libraries in most other states. Therefore, reductions in state aid, and fiscal constraints on local budgets have negatively affected public library services in the Commonwealth.

Under these unfortunate circumstances, the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) has attempted to distribute limited state dollars to as many communities as possible. This has been accomplished by prorating some standards and increasing reliance on waivers. Both strategies are short term efforts, however, which will inevitably have a negative impact on public library services. State policies which allow communities to reduce their library appropriations and cut back on expenditures and hours of operation will affect the quality and accessibility of the Commonwealth's system of public libraries. These strategies should therefore be viewed as fiscal expedients and should not be pursued as standard policy for any extended period of time.

The state grant programs and MBLC policies have encouraged the use and development of resource sharing through automated networks. These efforts have in turn contributed to the growth in non-resident lending across the state.

The Committee makes the following recommendations:

Chapter 78 § 19A subsection 4 of the General Laws should be funded to allow for the reimbursement of costs associated with non-resident lending. The Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners should develop a formula for the reimbursement of nonresident lending costs.

If, in FY1991, the state, using the generic \$0.34 per circulated item rate, had reimbursed cities and towns for the cost of servicing non-resident borrowers, the cost would have been less than \$1.65 million. It is time that the Commonwealth address the consequences of past policies which have expanded library services. The non-resident reimbursement formula should take which have expanded library services. The non-resident reimbursement formula should take into account the technological capabilities of public libraries throughout the state (variation into account the technological capabilities of public libraries throughout the state (variation in costs is estimated to range from \$0.30 to \$0.45, with some studies ranging as high as \$1.50 per item).



III

 The General Court should increase state appropriations for public library services to at least fiscal year 1988 levels.

Between FY 1988 and FY 1992 state appropriations for public library services have been reduced by over \$6.0 million while service demand has increased. This situation has resulted in reductions in staff and hours of operation as well as collection development throughout the public library system. The educational and informational needs of the Commonwealth cannot be served when public libraries cannot keep their doors open and their shelves stocked and current.

The Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) should remain an independent state agency and should continue to develop greater cooperative activities among libraries (public, academic, school, special, institutional libraries, and libraries serving the handicapped) throughout the Commonwealth to improve access, collection development, and economies of scale.

It is unlikely that public libraries in the Commonwealth would be better served by any state agency other than the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners. The current status of the Commonwealth's public school libraries and academic libraries (public colleges and universities) attests to the need for focused attention on library development and planning.

The Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) has the statutory authority and responsibility for the development and improvement of Massachusetts libraries and is the designated state agency to receive and disburse federal library grants. The current governance structure under the MBLC allows for input and policy coordination from all types of libraries within the Commonwealth.

The MBLC has recently undergone a comprehensive planning process resulting in two detailed reports which clearly identify the status and needs of the Commonwealth's library system. These reports detail the situation of public, regional, special, institutional, school and academic libraries throughout the state. With input from it's advisory boards and increased state appropriations, the MBLC would be best able to implement the recommendations and fulfill the goals of these programs. Therefore, the Committee doubts that the programs and planning the goals of these programs. Therefore, the Committee doubts that the programs and planning initiatives administered by the MBLC can be adequately maintained and expanded within any larger state bureaucracy.



lv

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY i
INTRODUCTION 1
SECTION ONE: PUBLIC LIBRARIES IN THE UNITED STATES
SECTION TWO: PUBLIC LIBRARIES IN MASSACHUSETTS 5
MASSACHUSETTS PUBLIC LIBRARY SUPPORT AND ACTIVITY- FISCAL YEARS 1988 THROUGH 1991
SECTION THREE: CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 22
APPENDICES 27
APPENDIX I: Total Operating Income, Appropriated Municipal Income and Total State Grants as a Percent of Total Operating Income - Fiscal Years 1988 and 1991
APPENDIX II: Estimated Non-Resident Circulation Costs for Massachusetts Cities and Towns -



INTRODUCTION

There are over 502 public library facilities (libraries and branches) in Massachusetts. All but three of municipalities (Hawley, New Ashford and Washington) in the Commonwealth have at least one library facility. These institutions are visited about 27 million times each year. It is estimated that there are 3.3 million registered library card holders in Massachusetts (nearly fifty-six percent of the state's residents). Public libraries support the lifelong learning needs of people, contribute to improving the overall quality of life, and support the economy of the Commonwealth. Public libraries are used to satisfy the work-related information needs for science and engineering (2.9 million visits per year), legal work (2.4 million visits), management and administration (2.6 million visits), and sales and marketing (2.3 million visits). In fact, over 24 percent of all public library visits are work-related.²

The Commonwealth, through the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners, has supported and encouraged the concept of unrestricted and accessible library services to all Massachusetts citizens. However, many municipal libraries are finding that twenty to thirty percent of their users reside in other communities. This blurring of service delivery areas is causing great financial strain at the local level where over eighty-seven percent of all library revenues were generated in FY1991. State policy and local initiative have facilitated the growth of non-resident lending to a point where new funding strategies must be examined in order to keep the public library system viable in the future.

This report by the Senate Committee on Post Audit and Oversight examines the present fiscal



¹There are 374 main libraries, the remaining 128 are branches. The three communities without public libraries do, however, receive bookmobile services from the regional public library system.

²King Research, Inc., <u>Massachusetts Libraries: An Alliance for the Future: Technical Report</u>, November 1991. The remaining 17.9 percent of patrons are comprised of university employees (4.5 percent) and "other" (13.4 percent).

condition and changing nature of the services demanded of the Commonwealth's system of public libraries.

The report places Massachusetts public libraries into a national context using standard measures of financial support and library service delivery. The report also examines per capita output measures of circulation, holdings, non-resident usage, per capita state and local funding for library services, per capita expenditure data, and staffing levels.

Finally, the report makes recommendations to address the inadequacies of the current funding of public library services.

SECTION I: PUBLIC LIBRARIES IN THE UNITED STATES

According to a recent report by the U.S. Department of Education, there were nearly 9,000 public libraries in the United States in 1989 with over 600 million books and volumes in their collections. At that time, Massachusetts public libraries held a combined collection of 26.9 million volumes (sixth largest in the U.S.) or 4% percent of the nation's total public library collection.

Nationally, public libraries reported total operating income of \$4 billion in 1989. Of this total, local governments provided eighty-one percent of operating income for library services, eight percent came from state governments, and the remainder came from other sources including the federal government, gifts, donations, fines and fees. While Massachusetts local governments in 1989 contributed and average of 82.3 percent of total public library operating income state



³Public Libraries in 50 States and the District of Columbia: 1989, National Center for Education Statistics, U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement, April 1991.

government contributed an average of 12.5 percent. Two years later, in fiscal year 1991, the local government share increased by 6.5 percent to 87.3 percent of total operating income. While state appropriations for public library services (adjusted for inflation) were reduced by 29.8 percent between FY1987 and FY1991 (33.0 percent between FY1988 and FY1991).

Massachusetts is above national and peer group averages in most per capita and percentage measures related to public library income, expenditures, circulation, collections, and staffing.⁵
The state is above national averages in all cases except the percentage measure of total operating income coming from federal and "other" sources. Massachusetts public libraries rely more on local and state financial support than most states.

Table I (page 4) describes various average per capita and percentage statistics related to public library income, expenditures, collections, circulations, and staffing. Massachusetts ranks high in per capita collections, first in the Northeast and among industrial states and second nationally, and full-time equivalent staff per 10,000 population, third in the Northeast and among industrial states; eighth nationally.

Maintaining larger collections and greater user activity requires more staff to effectively service the volumes of material and people circulating through public libraries. Therefore, it appears that the above average staffing figure for Massachusetts can be justified due to heavier workloads created by the exceptional inventory and circulation.



⁴Two library grant programs; Additional State Aid to Public Libraries program and the State Competitive Grants to Public Libraries program were eliminated accounting for the lions share of the reductions in state appropriations between FY1988 and FY1991.

The peer states observed included the Northeast regional states: Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusette, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Vermont; and the eleven major industrial states according to the U.S. Bureau of Labor statistics: California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New 'l ork, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Texas.

Table I. Selected Public Library Statistics - 1989.

	UNITED STATES	Eleven Northesstern States	Eleven Industrial States	MASSACHUSETTS
Fotal Library Income per capita	\$17.16	\$18.49	\$18.78	\$21.16
Local Income per capita	\$13.93	\$14.19	\$15.20	\$17.41
Income by Source Local State Federal Giber	81.2% 8.0% 1.4% 9.4%	7.7% 1.2%	8.7%	12.59
Total Library Expenditures per capita	\$15.10	\$16.98		\$19.18
Collections per capita	2.53	3.50	2.73	4.59
Circulations per capita	5.60	5.95	5.37	6.08
Visits per capita (est.)	2.63	3.78	3.17	4.50
Paid FTE Staff per 10,000 population	4.30	4.90	4.60	6.0

However, it must be reiterated that these interstate comparisons are being made with 1989 data. The current financial situation of many states has required cutbacks it state appropriations for public library services. Among the states examined, only two, California and New Jersey had greater reductions than Massachusetts in state appropriations to their public libraries between fiscal years 1989 and 1991. Massachusetts public libraries receive well below the regional, peer, and national average support from the federal government and other sources (Table I, above). Reductions in state aid will, therefore, have a greater negative effect on public library services in Massachusetts.



SECTION II : PUBLIC LIBRARIES IN MASSACHUSETTS

Historically, Massachusetts has been a leader in its support and development of public libraries. The first major tax-supported public library in the United States, the Boston Public Library, was established in 1852. By 1890, more than half of the 351 cities and towns in the Commonwealth had municipally controlled public libraries. That same year, Massachusetts created the nation's first state library agency, the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC).

It wasn't until 1960, however, that the state began appropriating the Library Incentive Grant (LIG) for the direct support of public library operating costs. Today, the purpose of the Library Incentive Grant program is two-fold: to encourage municipalities to maintain minimum levels of library services and to provide an incentive to develop improved library services.⁶

The state also began to appropriate funds designed to develop and support the creation of regional library systems. Regional grants provide inter-library loan support, bookmobile service, technical assistance, and reference and research services to three regional and eleven sub-regional libraries and to other libraries within the regions and sub-regions. Any public library system which contracts with the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners to provide regional library service receives an annual appropriation based on a per capita amount per square mile of its service area based on the following schedule:



The amounts of a LIG award are either a flat grant or distributed on a per capita formula. For towns of less than 2,500 population, the LIG is equal to the town's library appropriation for the preceding year (no more than \$1,250, however). For cities and towns of 2,500 population or more the distribution is \$0.50 per capita provided at least \$1,250 was appropriated during the prior fiscal year.

The Eastern Region located at the Boston Public Library has sub-regional libraries in Andover, Wellesley, Quincy, Bridgewater, New Bedford, Falmouth and Boston. The Central Region located at Worcester Public Library has a sub-regional library in Fitchburg The Western Region located at Hatfield has sub-regionals in Pittsfield, Springfield and Northampton.

Over 1,000 population/square mile 750 to 999 population/square mile Under 750 population/square mile

\$1.00 per capita \$1.10 per capita \$1.30 per capita

Regional library aid also provides additional funds to the Boston Public Library (BPL) which has been designated as the state's "library of last recourse", meaning it is the library which will provide those research and reference services which other regional and local libraries are unable to provide. In order to fulfill its special duties, the BPL requires additional monies to maintain and improve its extensive collections. The BPL's research library is the primary public research institution in New England. In FY1992 the per capita appropriation to the BPL was \$0.77 per resident in the Commonwealth.

Chapter 478 of the Acts of 1987, created the Municipal Equalization Grants (MEG) program as well as the Library Improvement Program for public library construction. The equalization grant program was designed to provide improved library services in communities with relatively less revenue-raising capacity by compensating libraries for disparities in municipal funding resources. Municipal equalization awards are calculated through a formula similar to the state "lottery distribution formula".9

All of these state aid programs are distributed to public libraries which have met certain minimum standards of free public library service as certified by the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC). All public libraries seeking certification for state aid are required to be: (1) open to all residents of the community for normal library services; (2) free, in that no charges can be made for normal services; (3) open a minimum number of hours per week based on population of service area; (4) employ trained library personnel; (5) expend a



This formula has not been increased since FY1985.

The MEG formula uses the equalized property valuation (EQV) of a municipality and its population to determine each municipality's grant amount.

reasonable portion of the library's total budget on library materials (again minimum percentages are based on the population of service areas); (6) lend books to other libraries in the state and extend privileges to the holders of library cards issued by other public libraries on a reciprocal basis; and (7) submit an annual report to the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) which includes the total number of non-resident loans and non-resident circulation as a percent of the library's total circulation.¹⁰

In addition to these seven requirements, Chapter 78 § 19A requires that municipalities seeking state aid must meet a Municipal Appropriation Requirement (MAR). Prior to FY1992, municipalities were required to appropriate an amount equal to the average of the prior three years library appropriation plus the 2% percent increase allowed under Proposition 2%. The Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners was allowed by statute to grant waivers of this requirement to ten municipalities upon demonstration of fiscal hardship. Before 1990, no municipality applied for a waiver.

In FY1987, the first budget year that the equalization grant program was in place, the 319 libraries which applied for both MEG aid and incentive grants were certified and received state aid. In FY1990, of the 321 public library systems which applied for state aid, 309 were certified and awarded grants on the basis of meeting all statutes and regulations. Seven municipalities applied for waivers of the appropriation requirement and five were granted (Brockton, Chelsea, Lawrence, Springfield, and Swampscott). Salisbury and Holyoke had their requests denied. The town of Wilmington, which was denied state aid, did not meet the minimum materials expenditure standard.



¹⁰ Chapter 78, section 19B of the Massachusetts General Laws. Sections 7 through 34 deal with public libraries and the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners.

In FY1991, 38 municipalities applied for appropriation requirement waivers. The maximum ten waivers allowed under statute were issued (Athol, Brockton, Chelmsford, Foxboro, Monson, New Bedford, Southbridge, Springfield, Sunderland, and Worcester). Six municipalities (Franklin, Hanson, Needham, Northbridge, Topsfield, and Townsend) were denied waivers because the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioner deemed the budget cuts sustained by the local libraries in these communities as being disproportional to other municipal services.

Forty-one communities requested appropriation requirement waivers in FY1992, signalling greater financial hardship for public libraries throughout the state.

The financial pressures facing many cities and towns in Massachusetts prompted the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners and the Legislature to relax the Municipal Appropriation Requirement (MAR) and allow for more waivers. The MBLC has also begun to "prorate" some of the minimum standards (minimum hours open and minimum materials expendituse) in order to allow more municipalities to receive state aid.

The FY1992 budget (Chapter 138 Acts of 1991) allotted an additional fifteen appropriation requirement waivers which the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) could grant, bringing the state total to twenty-five. The FY1992 budget also altered the maintenance of effort standard requiring municipalities to maintain appropriations equal to the average of the past three years plus 2% percent to ninety-five percent of the average appropriation for the past three years.

In an effort to recognize the effects of budget cuts on library services and still certify as many libraries for state aid as possible, the MBLC began prorating certain mandatory standards in FY1991. Libraries seeking proration of the "hours open" and "materials expenditure" standards



must continue to comply with the appropriation requirement (or receive a waiver) and the remaining five minimum standards of free public library service. Prorating is based on the percentage reduction in local aid sustained by a community between FY1989 and FY1991. For example, the requirements for both standards would be reduced by ten percent if a community's FY1991 local aid figure (Chapter 70 and Additional Assistance funds) was ten percent less than its FY1989 figure.

These strategies (waivers, relaxation of the appropriation requirement, and proration) are, in effect, a lowering of standards which may tempt communities and the state to a dependency on waivers and reduced standards. The efforts of the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners should be viewed as fiscal expedients, not norms to be followed for any extended period of time or encouraged as standard policy in the future.

MASSACHUSETTS PUBLIC LIBRARY SUPPORT AND ACTIVITY - FISCAL YEARS 1988 THROUGH 1991

Total Library Operating Income

Average per capita total library operating income for all public libraries in Massachusetts decreased by sixteen percent between FY1988 and FY1991 (Table II, page 10). The greatest reductions were in population groups I (I to 1,999 pepulation) and VII (over 100,000 population). These population groups are generally most dependent on local aid. Thirteen of the top thirty-five per capita local aid recipient communities were in population group I and two out of the three cities in group VII (Boston and Springfield) were among the top per capita



¹¹Open to all residents, no charge for services, the professional personnel requirement, the inter-library loan and reciprocal borrowing, and the reporting standards.

¹² The analysis in this section is based on data reported by local public libraries to the MBLC as part of the requirements for receiving state aid. The data is reported by population group because most of the requirements for state aid are based on population of service area and are distributed on a per capita basis. All dollar figures are adjusted for inflation to 1991 constant dollars.

local aid communities in FY1992. Municipalities in population groups II and III accounted for an additional ten of the top thirty-five per capita Local Aid communities. APPENDIX I: "Total Operating Income, Appropriated Municipal Income, and State Grants as a Percent of Total Operating Income - Fiscal Years 1988 and 1991", offers public library income information by Massachusetts city and town.

Table II. Total Public Library Operating Income & Municipal Appropriations as a Percent of Total Income - FY1988 to FY1991.

Total Library					Municipal Appropriation as a Percent of Total Income				
	Oper 88	ating Incom 89	e- 90	91	88	89	90	91	
Population Group		\$14.19	\$11.98	\$9.17	73.3%	74.4%	71.4%	73.5%	
1. 1-1,999	\$12.95	\$14.13 \$18.21	\$18.88	\$17.36	85.9%	82.0%	81.8%	83.2%	
11. 2,000–4,999	\$20.41	\$16.21 \$16.39	\$17.32	\$ 16.53	87.0%	87.9%	85.6%	86.6%	
III. 5,000-9,999	\$18.71	\$10.39 \$19.67	\$20.13	\$18.91	91.3%	91.5%	91.8%	91.7%	
IV. 10,000-24,999	\$21.75 \$21.30	\$19.07	\$19.71	\$19.64	89.1%	90.1%	89.9%	88.8%	
V. 25,000–49,999	\$21.30 \$18.04	\$17.51	\$16.70	\$16.28	90.4%	91.0%	90.7%	90.4%	
VI. 50,000-99,999	\$16.04 \$35.28	\$30.96	\$32.65	\$26.80	94.7%	94.6%	95.0%	88.8%	
VII.100,000 plus Average	\$35.26 \$21.21	\$19.69	\$19.62	\$17.81	87.4%	87.4%	86.6%	86.1%	

^{*} adjusted for inflation (1991 constant dollars).

Between fiscal years 1988 and 1991, state appropriations to public libraries were reduced by 33.0 percent, while local municipal appropriations per capita were reduced by an average of 6.0 percent. As the total operating income "pie" for public libraries shrinks, municipalities have sought waivers and reduced their slice of the pie by as much as possible without jeopardizing state grants. The FY1992 authorization changing the Municipal Appropriation Requirement from the average of the prior three years appropriation plus 2½ percent to ninety-five percent of the average of the three prior years appropriation has also allowed communities to decrease the municipal portion of library operating income. These reductions in operating income have



had an affect on public library staffing, services, the maintenance of collections (holdings), and public library access (hours open).

Full-time Equivalent (FTE) Staff

Full-time equivalent (FTE) staff's were reduced by an average of 13.4 percent between FY1988 and FY1991 (Table III, below). The largest staffing reductions took place in communities with populations between 25,000 and 49,999 (group V) from an average of 22.8 FTE staff in FY1988 to 17.1 in FY1991, a 25.0 percent change.

Table III. Full-time Equivalent (FTE) Staff - FY1988 to FY1991.

	Full-time Ed	dnivajeut (i	riej Stai	
Population Group	88	89	90	91
	0.42	0.43	0.42	0.42
1-1,999	2.08	2.21	2.17	1.97
1. 2,000-4,999	4.17	4.31	4.20	3.99
11. 5,000-9,999	10.39	10.50	9.96	9.18
V. 10,000–24,999	22.77	22.10	20.25	17.06
v. 25,000–49,999	41.40	40.29	36.43	36.43
VI. 50,000-99,999	323.93	301.97	281.63	281.63
VII.100,000 plus	000.00	54.54	50.72	50.10
Average	57.88	. 54.54	30.7 L	•

Total Library Expenditures and Expenditures for Salaries and Library Materials

The Chapter 78 § 19B standards concerning state aid require that local public libraries maintain certain professional personnel standards for library staff that they employ. This standard may explain why the average per capita salary expenditure increased slightly between FY1988 and FY1991 by 3.2 percent while both the average per capita total library expenditure and average per capita materials expenditure were reduced by 0.5 and 5.3 percent respectively



Table IV. Total Library, Salary, and Material Expenditures Per Capita - FY1988 to FY1991.

Total Library Expenditures*				Salary Expenditures*			Materials Expenditures*					
Population Group	88	89 89	90	91	88	89	90	91	88	89	90_	91
1-1,999	\$9.82	\$13,28	\$11.21	\$8.87	\$5.00	\$7.14	\$5.68	\$4.74	\$2.93	\$3.81	\$ 3.30	\$2.73
• •	\$15.24	\$17.54			\$9.01	\$10.41	\$11.03	\$10.68	\$3.78	\$4.20	\$4.18	\$3.89
2,000-4,999			\$16.61			\$10.24	\$10.61	\$10.36	\$3.20	\$3.48	\$3.43	\$3.31
1. 5,000-9,999	\$14.65		\$19.46		\$12.18	\$12.89		\$12.79	\$3.39	\$3.61	\$3.47	\$3.19
V. 10,000–24,999	\$18.06			\$18.99		\$13.84		\$13.49	\$3,04	\$3.19	\$2.96	\$2.83
. 25,000-49,999	\$18.70	\$20.17	-			\$12.58		\$11.98	\$2,32	\$2.39	\$2.28	\$2.2
/1. 50,000 - 99,999	\$16.05	\$16.98	-	\$16.04		\$21.94	\$23.07	\$19.32	\$4.81	\$4.67	\$4.84	\$3.81
/11.100,000 plus	\$33.38	\$30.64	\$32.62		\$23.45	•	\$12.77		\$3.35	\$3.62	\$3.49	\$3.14
Average	\$17.99	<u>\$19.12</u>	\$19.04	\$17.51	\$11.89	\$1Z.7Z	12//	\$11. 3 1				

adjusted for inflation (1991 constant dollars).

(Table IV, above). The average maximum salary for professional library personnel increased by 3.5 percent between FY1988 and FY1991 accounting for the increase in salary expenditures.

Expenditures for salaries averaged 64.5 percent of total library expenditures in FY1988. In FY1991 salary expenditures as a percent of total library expenditures increased to 66.7 percent while the expenditures for library materials as a percent of total library expenditures decreased 0.9 percent from being 20.1 percent of total expenditures in FY1988 to 19.2 percent in FY1991 (Table IV, above). The reductions in per capita materials expenditures between FY1988 and FY1991 can be attributed to a combination of three factors: 1) reductions in total library operating income brought on by disinvestment in libraries at the state and local levels (Table II, page 10); 2) increases in salary expenditures (Table IV, above); and 3) the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners' policy to allow for the proration of the materials expenditure requirement.

Even though the MBLC's policy requiring minimum expenditures on materials has probably prevented these cuts from being deeper, the FY1991 policy allowing for the proration of the



materials expenditure requirement is bound to have a negative effect on collections development. It must be noted that the buying power of dollars spent on library materials has eroded as well. The average hardcover book price has risen 11.6 percent between 1988 and 1991. Also, the federal tax code acts as a disincentive for publishers to maintain large inventories of stock since stock is considered an asset for tax purposes. Therefore, smaller run editions are published, providing fewer back editions in stock for shorter periods of time. Thus, librarians are restricted by market forces, federal policies and shrinking materials budgets in their ability to keep current their collections and to maintain quality for library patrons.

Total Library Holdings

Table V. Total Library Holdings Per Capita - FY1988 to FY1991.

		tal Holdings per capita		
Population Group	88	90	91	
I. 1-1,999	11.10	7.87	9.40	6.51
11. 2,000-4,999	6.69	6.72	7.36	6.63
111. 5,000-9,999	4.48	4.44	4.58	4.52
IV. 10,000-24,999	4.11	4.15	4.22	4.23
V. 25,000–49,999	4.05	3.97	3.95	4.07
VI. 50,000-99,999	3.64	3.73	3.79	3.74
VII.100,000 plus	8.93	6.54	8.65	6.49
Average	6.14	5.35	5.99	5.17



Between FY1988 and FY1991 total per capita holdings¹³ were reduced by an average of 15.8 percent (Table V,page 13). Population groups I and VII experienced the largest reductions in per capita holdings during this period (41.4 and 27.3 percent respectively). Not surprisingly, these same communities experienced the largest reductions in operating income (Table II,page 10),total library expenditures, salary expenditures, and expenditures for materials (Table IV,page 12).

Hours of Operation

Staff and operating income reductions have forced 130 communities to reduce weekly operating hours at public libraries by an average of 7.7 percent between FY1988 and FY1991 (Table VI, below). Sixty communities were at or below the minimum hours required by the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners in FY1991. Such reductions inhibit the realization of the state's policy of unrestricted access.

Table VI. Average Hours Open Pe~ Week - PY1988 to FY1991.

		ours Open a Week		
Population Group	88	89	90	<u>91</u>
i. 1–1,999	14.09	15.11	14.71	10.00
II. 2,000-4,999	29.15	29.71	28.90	27.20
III. 5,000–9,999	38.21	37.47	38.00	34.70
IV. 10,000–24,999	53.13	53.31	51.29	47.68
V. 25,000-49,999	61.34	61.65	60.07	58.64
VI. 50,000–99,999	61.03	61.57	61.62	55.49
	61.58	61.58	57.58	60.25
VII.100,000 plus Average	45.50	45.77	44.60	41.99

¹³Holdings are defined as the number of catalogued book and other materials (e.g. video cassettes and paperback books) not including periodicals.

¹⁴⁶⁰⁵ CMR Section 4.01 subsection (3) requires the following minimum hours open per week: for libraries with populations under 2,000 - 10 hours; populations of 2,000 and 4,999 - 15 hours; populations of 5,000 to 9,999 - 25 hours; 10,000 to 14,999 - 40 hours; 15,000 to 24,999 - 50 hours; and 25,000 and over - 63 hours.



Like the materials expenditure standard, the full impact of the recently instituted proration of the hours standard on library services remains to be seen.

Circulation

All of the measures mentioned so far have dealt with the financial, human and material resources available to and expended by public libraries in Massachusetts. On all of these measures, public libraries have been negatively effected by reductions in state and local financial support. However, one of the most basic services which public libraries perform -- the circulation of books and other materials -- is on the rise.

Table VII. Total Public Library Circulation Per Capita - FY1988 to FY1991.

Population Group		I Circulation er capita 89	90	91
	7.55	7.04	9.20	10.65
1. 1-1,999	7.77	8.40	9.06	8.95
11. 2,000-4,999	6.19	6.59	7.10	7.15
III. 5,000–9,999	7.04	7.81	7.94	8.57
IV. 10,000-24,999	6.20	6.99	7.33	7.55
V. 25,000-49,999	3.98	4.27	4.57	4.85
VI. 50,000-99,999	4.44	4.78	4.48	5.54
VII.100,000 plus Average	6.17	6.55	7.10	7.61

Total per capita circulation increased, on average, 23.3 percent between FY1988 and FY1991 (Table VII, above). This increased demand supports the theory that in bad economic times, library use increases. Secondly, federal, state and local initiatives have encouraged the sharing and circulation of library materials to larger service areas and to residents of other



¹⁶ Circulation is defined as the circulation of library materials of all types outside of the library.

communities.

While increased usage and circulation are desired outcomes, and the state's role is to be applauded, the increase has not been achieved without controversy. The following section examines the issue of non-resident lending which is a major cause of the financial pressures on the budgeting of local public library services and explores these stresses.

INTERLIBRARY LOANS, RECIPROCAL BORROWING AND NON-RESIDENT CIRCULATION.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts encourages public libraries to "extend privileges" to citizens of other communities. However, public libraries receiving state grants must be willing to lend books to other public libraries for the use of residents of other communities. Nevertheless, there is some flexibility under interlibrary loan conditions, because the procedures are adopted by the board of trustees of the lending library. However, if a library receives any state grant, it must be willing to extend library services to non-residents who are library card holders in other libraries participating in the state grant program. These services, unlike arrangements under interlibrary loan agreements, must be on the same basis as those accorded to residents of the community in which the library exists. For many libraries which have found themselves serving more than twenty to thirty percent non-resident borrowers this requirement of reciprocity has proven to be excessively demanding.

In the case of an interlibrary loan exchange, an individual may make a request through his/her public library for a particular item shelved at another library with which it has an interlibrary ioan agreement. The lending library sends the requested item to the library from which the request originated (the borrower). In the case of a non-resident exchange, any individual who has a valid library card from his/her local library may enter any other public library receiving



state aid and "check out" a book under the same conditions as any resident patron. As interlibrary loan transactions are not figured into the determination of the non-resident circulation figures reported by public libraries to the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners the real breadth of non-resident usage may be substantially understated.

While total statewide circulation increased slightly more than eight percent from 35.9 million to 38.8 million between 1977 and 1991, non-resident circulation more than doubled during this same period from over 1.8 million to nearly 4.9 million. In 1991, more than 12.5 percent of all loans made by municipal libraries were made to non-residents, this is over twice the projected non-resident circulation for 1977. The three heaviest lenders in 1977 (Boston, Worcester, and Springfield) accounted for approximately thirty-one percent of all non-resident loans statewide. In 1991, the three heaviest lenders (Boston, Springfield, and Cambridge) accounted for only 16.6 percent of the total non-resident lending statewide. Between FY1988 and FY1991 non-resident circulation increased by 40.7 percent.

The proliferation of non-resident lending is also documented in the dwindling market share of the market leaders prior to the advent of state efforts to encourage unrestricted access and reciprocity. Note that while the top twenty non-resident lenders in 1977 accounted for 61.8 percent of all non-resident loans statewide, the top twenty non-resident lenders in 1991 accounted for only 49 percent of statewide non-resident circulation. Figure 1 (page 18) illustrates the change in the percentage distribution of the statewide non-resident circulation by municipal population groups in 1977 and 1991.

As shown in Figure 1 (page 18), communities in the first three population groups (municipal populations of under 10,000) had slight increases in their share of the statewide non-resident



¹⁶ King Research, Inc. Massac usetts Libraries: An Alliance for the Future Technical Report, Appendix B.

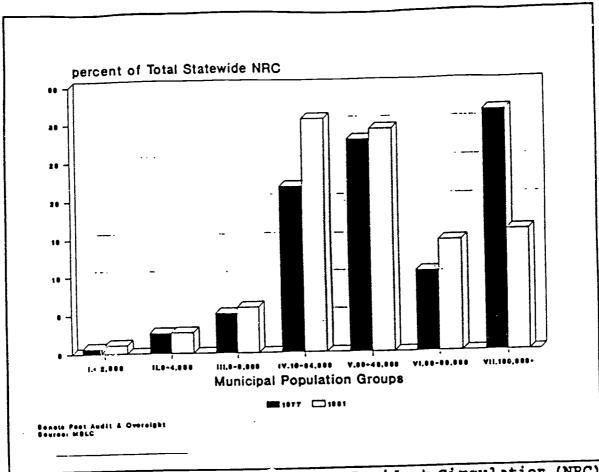


Figure 1. Percent of Statewide Non-Resident Circulation (NRC) by Municipal Population Groups - 1977 and 1990.

circulation between 1977 and 1991. Cities and towns of between 10,000 and 99,999 population (population groups IV, V, and VI) picked up larger percentages of the statewide non-resident circulation.

Much of this "spreading out" of library usage across town lines can be attributed to the state grant programs and Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) policies which have encouraged the use and development of resource sharing in the Commonwealth. These policies have sought to bring a multitude of free public library services to all residents of



Massachusetts.

There are a number of resource sharing activities taking place in Massachusetts (an estimated 140 public libraries serving over 73% of the public¹⁷), and the increased participation and development of Automated Resource Sharing Networks has contributed greatly to the increased non-resident lending activity in the state. Automated Resource Sharing Networks allow groups of libraries to more cost-effectively provide library services through shared centralized computers and databases. These databases allow patrons access to the combined collections of all the member libraries sharing a network. Librarians can search central databases to determine the availability of books and other items for circulation and to process interlibrary loan requests. Many of these Automated Resource Sharing Networks include not only public libraries but academic and special libraries thus offering access to even larger and more specialized collections.

Eleven automated networks have been developed in Massachusetts since 1980. Much of the impetus came from the \$12.7 million in federal Library Service and Construction Act (LSCA) and state funds dispersed through the MBLC. Local governments have invested nearly \$19 million since 1980 on automated network participation.¹⁸

These investments have allowed more public libraries to open their doors to non-residents at a time when local budgets are being squeezed by receding state and federal support. Federal LSCA Title I, II and III funds were reduced by 10.3 percent in real dollars between FY1987 and FY1990. Direct state aid to public libraries was reduced by 31.5 percent during



¹⁷ Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners, Long Range Program 1991-1996, 1932 Supplement.

¹⁸ King Research, Inc. Massachusetts Libraries: An Alliance for the Future: Technical Report, November 1991.

¹⁹ see footnote 4, page 3.

this same period and by 33.6 percent between FY1987 and FY1991 (again adjusted for inflation).

The dollar support available in the two primary state grant programs designed for public library services, the Library Incentive Grant (LIG) program and the Municipal Equalization Grant (MEG) program are not sufficient to offset the financial burden generated by the need to meet the state reciprocity criteria. This is particularly true in local public libraries which are serving large numbers of non-resident patrons.

Estimates indicate that circulation and reshelving labor costs an average of \$0.34 per item borrowed. This amount increases for libraries which circulate fewer than 50,000 items per year, or nearly ninety-four percent of all public libraries in 1991. The cost figure is lower for libraries using automated networks, and varying according to the age and level of sophistication of the network as well. The variation in costs is estimated to range from \$0.30 to \$0.45, with some studies ranging as high as \$1.50 per item.²⁰

The above data can be used to develop a general estimate of the cost to public libraries of circulating materials to non-residents. For example, in 1991 Lexington reported that 19.9 percent of all library circulation was to non-resident borrowers resulting in a non-resident circulation cost of \$44,371. In Lexington's case, this is greater than the total Library Incentive/Municipal Equalization Grant of \$20,977, resulting in a "non-resident landing liability" for the Lexington public library system of \$23,394. In other words, based on this model, Lexington expended over \$20,000 of its municipal budget on the provision of library services to library card holders from other communities.



²⁰King Research, Inc. Massachusetts Libraries: An Alliance for the Future: Technical Report, November 1991.

non-resident (percent 0.199 circulation) total (1991 \$0.34 X 655,801 circulation) non-resident 130,504 (total circulation) (non-resident \$44,371 per circulated item) in labor "non-resident (estimated cost (LIG/HEG - \$20,977 cost) circulation iability")

Lexington example - "Non-resident lending liability"

Obviously Lexington's net "non-resident lending liability" would actually be smaller because Lexington residents would be utilizing the services of other libraries in neighboring communities. However, in FY1991 the average difference between non-resident costs and state grants for the seven communities surrounding Lexington (Arlington, Bedford, Belmont, Burlington, Lincoln, Waltham, Winchester and Woburn) was a positive \$113,295. Only Bedford and Lincoln had "non-resident lending liabilities" (\$1,388 and \$4,052 respectively), indicating that Lexington's public library was attractive to most of its neighbors.

Public libraries in Massachusetts are required to report the total number of non-resident loans and non-resident circulation as a percent of total circulation to the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners but not the city or town in which non-resident reside. Therefore, it is difficult to determine the actual net "non-resident lending liability" for public libraries. This exercise illustrates the fact that the service area for many public libraries in Massachusetts is no longer contiguous with the city limits. In 1988, there were fifteen municipalities with "non-resident lending liabilities". By 1991, this number had risen to forty-seven. APPENDIX II: "Estimated Non-Resident Circulation (NRC) Costs for Massachusetts Cities and Towns - Fiscal Years 1988 and 1991" offers estimates of the cost to local public library systems for providing library services to non-residents.



The two communities listing the highest non-resident circulation as a percent of total circulation are resort communities: Chilmark (53.9%) and Gay Head (49.4%). Five of the top ten non-resident circulating libraries (in percentage terms) have non-resident lending liabilities (Chilmark, Palmer, Auburn, Oak Bluffs, and Concord). Six of the top ten communities with the highest non-resident circulation volume had non-resident lending liabilities (Brookline, Lexington, Concord, Auburn, Palmer, and Danvers).

Even though the resort communities are admittedly extreme examples of the blurring of jurisdictional lines for public libraries in Massachusetts the number of communities serving more than twenty percent non-residents increased from 28 in FY1988 to 40 in FY1991. Things have shifted statewide. The number of public libraries showing more than ten percent of their total circulation going to non-residents increased from 81 to 103 during this same period, a 27.2 percent increase. Thus, similar to the general statewide spreading out of the non-resident circulation distribution (Figure 1, page 18), more and more local public libraries are circulating a larger percentage of their library materials among non-residents. For many cities and towns the issue of non-resident lending clouds the negotiations over the funding of public library services.

SECTION THREE: CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Massachusetts' public libraries receive well below the regional, peer, and national average support from the federal government and other sources. As a result, the reductions in state aid have had a greater negative effect on public library services in the Commonwealth than in other similarly impacted states.

The ! fassachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) has attempted to distribute limited



state dollars to as many communities as possible without promoting further budget cuts or reductions in services at the local level. This has been accomplished by prorating some standards and increasing reliance on waivers. These strategies are short term efforts, however, which will inevitably have an impact on public library services. These strategies should be viewed as fiscal expedients and should not be encouraged as standard policy for any extended period of time.

The Committee makes the following recommendations:

Chapter 78 of the General Laws should be amended to allow for the reimbursement of
costs associated with non-resident lending. The Massachusetts Board of Library
Commissioners should develop a formula for the reimbursement of non-resident lending
costs.

If, in FY1991, the state, using the generic \$0.34 per circulated item rate, had reimbursed cities and towns for the cost of servicing non-resident borrowers, the cost would have been less than \$1.65 million. With his small investment the inequities inherent in the public library system in Massachusetts could have been alleviated. It is time that the Commonwealth address the consequences of past policies which have expanded library services. The non-resident reimbursement formula should take into account the technological capabilities of public libraries throughout the state (variation in costs is estimated to range from \$0.30 to \$0.45, with some studies ranging as high as \$1.50 per item).

 The General Court should increase state appropriations for public library services to at least fiscal year 1988 levels.

Between FY 1988 and FY 1992 state appropriations for public library services have been reduced by over \$6.0 million while service demand has increased. This situation has resulted in reductions in staff and hours of operation as well as collection development throughout the



public library system. The educational and informational needs of the Commonwealth cannot be served when public libraries cannot keep their doors open and their shelves stocked and current.

The Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) should remain an independent state agency and should continue to develop greater cooperative activities among libraries (public, academic, school, special, institutional libraries, and libraries serving the handlcapped) throughout the Commonwealth to improve access, collection development, and economies of scale.

It is unlikely that public libraries in the Commonwealth would be better served by any state agency other than the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners. The current status of the Commonwealth's public school libraries and academic libraries attests to the need for focused attention on library development and planning.

The Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) has the statutory authority and responsibility for the development and improvement of Massachusetts libraries and is the designated state agency to receive and disburse federal library grants. The current governance structure under the MBLC allows for input and policy coordination from all types of libraries within the Commonwealth.

The twelve-member State Advisory Council on Libraries (SACL) is required by the federal Library Service and Construction Act (LSCA). The SACL's membership includes representatives from public, academic, school, special, institutional libraries, and libraries serving the handicapped. The SACL advises the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners (MBLC) on the development of the state's long range planning and reviews all grant proposals for LSCA funds. The MBLC is also advised by the Network Advisory Committee (NAC) on issues related to resource sharing, interlibrary cooperation, and networking. Its membership



is as broadly representative as the SACL's.

In contrast, public school libraries and media centers receive no specified state appropriations for developmental purposes or special support from the Massachusetts Department of Education. There appears to be no comprehensive comparative data collected by any state agency to assist in identifying the needs of public school libraries and to support planning.

In 1987, the National Center for Educational Statistics (U.S. Department of Education) ranked Massachusetts <u>public school libraries and media centers</u> forty-sixth nationally in total collection expenditures per school (and per pupil). In 1990, Massachusetts ranked fifty-first behind the fifty states and the District of Columbia in library operating expenditures per student in academic libraries (in public higher education institutions).²¹ Conversely, in 1989, Massachusetts <u>public libraries</u> ranked twenty-first in total library collection expenditures per library; sixth in per capita collections expenditures; and eighth in average total collection expenditures.²² Public libraries in Massachusetts have fared far better under the direction of the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners than the Commonwealth's public school libraries have under the direction of the Massachusetts Department of Education and better than the state's public college and university academic libraries.

The MBLC has recently published a comprehensive <u>Long Range Program: 1991-1996</u> which has clearly identified the status and needs of the Commonwealth's library system including the situation of public, regional, special, institutional, school, and academic libraries throughout the state. Also, King Research, Inc. has conducted a statewide library development study



²¹King Research, Inc., Massachusetts Libraries: An Alliance for the Future; Technical Report, November 1991.

²²Public Libraries in 50 States and the District of Columbia: 1989, National Center for Education Statistics, U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement, April 1991.

assessing the cooperative activities of Massachusetts libraries and detailing strategies for the improvement of library services for the residents of the Commonwealth. With input from it's advisory boards and increased state appropriations, the MBLC would be best able to implement the recommendations and fulfill the goals of these programs. Therefore, the Committee doubts that the programs and planning initiatives administered by the MBLC can be adequately maintained and expanded within any larger state bureaucracy.



APPENDICES



PRINTER PRIE	
ri i	3

	•	E	2	19.1%	718	21.0%		7 7			168	81.6	77.7	13.7%	6.2%	272	200					200		
3		Greek A botal			١	1	١	1	1	9.9×	\$1.5			14.8%	7.0%	288	5.1%	**		27.	ŝ	3.03		
	X	Orași Periodo	1988			``	7	ı	7	-		1	1_					-			1	1	2	
	Messic	and and	182	49.05	98.5%	80.5%	£9.63	96.28	83.68	91.0%	26.70	X 6	22.38	\$6.6%	100.0%	95.4%	24.9%	91.4%	95.6%	25.5%	98.6%	20.0%	27.77	
	Ž	¥ ×		×	×	7.8	×o	95.98	\$4.0%	90.2%		91.3%	20.48	15.28	100.00	94.75	95.2%	93.38	5.2 X	22.48	98.78	0.28	2.38	
	, X			55.85	26.48	80.78	100.08	3.	7	8	ľ	2	3 8		ğ	ď					6			
		•	8	105 &	\$55.646	\$70.268	\$152.324	2057,868	534,465	\$28,040		5754,771	\$412.547	272 273	100 013	570,537,974	\$261,751	166'615	\$150,865	\$13,632	\$777,106	EZ13,723	542,854	
	operating			1	3	E	SIS	B	B	Ħ		E	7	1	1	2003	2		3		5	5		
			କ	ži s	3 3	Ę	2	3	\$26.536	\$25,749		\$739,310	20%, 8%	240,020	57.CIC	5	\$262,751	\$11.877	\$134,430	\$22,127	204,306	\$160,396	\$408,700	
4	Total Operatine	Income	(bolumija) 	٦	541 45	191 333	8117.579	229, 668	923	a		\$238	ğ	X	٦	27 074.497	ä	3	SIS	3	ä	S	3	
Gradie Gradie				╁	+	+	+	+	+	╀				\dagger	\dagger	\dagger	+	T	\mid			T		
MEG MEG Med Med Med Med Med Med Med Med Med Med		Ė	Quote O		- 2		2	= =	: =	-	-	>	>	B	- :	3 5	! ≥	=	E	=	>	B	2	
App Crahic 988			È																				-	
APPENDIXIII aling Income, Ap me and State LIG t of Total Operational Years 1988			MUNICIPALITY	١			BELCHERTOWN	<u>ع</u> الِ			RERNARDSTON		5	BLACKSTONE	20			BOUNDS		3 2			BRIDGEWATER	
PPE To To			Z	ı	ьľ	3	١	Ş١	ξli	۵l ₂	. 13	113	Ž	2	21	ξli	515	ξij	313	SIC	1 5		Ì	1
2::9::9::0::0	ŀ		Ĭ		8	2	3		Š			VE	3	2	3	2								
Peralti Income Income Cecut of	54	# 2.Z)	¥	***	س زير	<u> </u>	**		200	BEKALBI	~]z:		1989		BLANDFORD	3 5 (\$1	BOSTON	2~64	1,6,2		P	BECMINICAL	<i>*</i> .*	i i
otal Operationsipal Income a Percent o	54 27		نقوا ف	***	-1 ·	<u> </u>	***		7.3% BELMC	4	2	2 18	3.00	7.1%		11.28	0.0 0.0		X/'/		27%	200	200	
Total Oper Aumicipal Inco		X of	THE PARTY OF	≥ 1661	6.2%	3.6%	20.8%	18 11.18	200	1	2	2 18	13.00	7.1%		3 5 (\$1	0.0 0.0	7.3% 8.9%	7.8% 7.7%	×27	3.8% 2.9%	7.7% 6.9%	24% 20%	
- 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Meg Mog	Storal Storal	₹ 1661 \$161 I	9.9% 8.2%	4.1% 3.6% S	38.48 20.8%	13.18 11.18	7.7% 7.3%		6.2% R12	0.7% 2.0%	3.6%	5.68 7.18	13.78	11.28	5.3% 0.0%	7.3% 8.9%	7.8% 7.7%	×27	3.8% 2.9%	7.78 6.98	24% 20%	
- 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Meg Meg	THE PARTY OF	§ 1661 1961 1661	4.9% 9.9% 8.2%	93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	73.4% 38.4% 20.8%	81.78 13.18 11.18	SO.6% 7.7% 7.3%		87.18 0.28 Q.1.2	72.0% 0.7%	24.00 448 3.8%	22.1% 5.8% 7.1%	13.7%	37.5% 12.9% 11.2%	97.9% 5.3% 0.0%	100.0% 7.3% 8.9%	22.9% 7.8% 7.7%	98.5% 4.8% 4.JW	95.1% 3.8% 2.9%	91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	67.3% 2.4% 2.0%	W. W
Total Operation Municipal Income as a Percent of	Approp. Lis	Music. Meg Mot	Stotal Stotal Stotal	3 1661 3161 1661 8	9.9% 8.2%	93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	73.4% 38.4% 20.8%	13.18 11.18	7.7% 7.3%		87.1% 0.2% Q.1.W	72.0% 0.7%	3.6%	22.1% 5.8% 7.1%	13.7%	37.5% 12.9% 11.2%	5.3% 0.0%	7.3% 8.9%	7.8% 7.7%	×27	3.8% 2.9%	90.5% 91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	65.3% 67.3% 2.4% 2.0%	70.2% /3.1% 6.3%
	Approp. Approp. Lis	Munic. Munic. Meg Meg	Sector Sector Stotal Stotal	₹ 1661 3161 1661 3161	88.8% 84.9% 9.9% 8.2%	05.05 93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	85.7% 73.4% 38.4% 20.8%	81.6% 84.7% 13.1% 11.1%	90.5% 50.6% 7.7% 7.3% E		94.1% 17.1% 6.2% Q.1.2%	92.08 72.08 0.98	96.8% 98.0% Zen	75 18 22 18 5.88 7.18	77.78 13.78	39.28 37.5% 12.9% 11.2%	99.7% 97.9% 5.3% 0.0%	96.0% 100.0% 7.3% 8.9%	79.28 52.9% 7.8% 7.7%	99.5% 98.5% 4.8% 4.2%	96.2% 95.1% 3.6% 2.9%	90.5% 91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	65.3% 67.3% 2.4% 2.0%	70.2% /3.1% 6.3%
	Approp. Approp. Lis	Munic. Munic. Meg Meg	Stotal Stotal Stotal	3 1661 3161 1661 8	88.8% 84.9% 9.9% 8.2%	05.05 93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	85.7% 73.4% 38.4% 20.8%	81.6% 84.7% 13.1% 11.1%	SO.6% 7.7% 7.3%		94.1% 17.1% 6.2% B.1.2%	92.0% 72.0% 0.9%	96.8% 98.0% Zen	22.1% 5.8% 7.1%	77.78 13.78	37.5% 12.9% 11.2%	99.7% 97.9% 5.3% 0.0%	100.0% 7.3% 8.9%	22.9% 7.8% 7.7%	98.5% 4.8% 4.JW	95.1% 3.8% 2.9%	90.5% 91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	\$1,269,436 65.3% 67.3% 24% 20%	572,457 70.2% 13.1% 2.5%
- 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Approp. Approp. Lis	Operating Music. Music. Meg Mog.	lacome lacome lacomo crama	3 1661 3161 1661 3161 1661 1	\$197.303 88.85 84.95 9.95 8.25	CLOK KK7 05.05 93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	\$52.250 \$5.78 73.4% 38.4% 20.8%	\$1.11 \$1.51 21.72 13.18 11.18	\$448,157 90.5% (0.6% 7.7% 7.3%)		\$250,245 94.1% \$7.1% 0.2% Q.1%	5478,393 92.0% 72.0% 0.9% 3.1%	1998, 994 96.8% 98.0% Ltx	31,000,000 600 171 75 18 82 18 5.88 7.18	77.78 13.78	\$19,717 39.28 37.5% 12.9% 11.28	\$57,957 99.7% 97.9% 5.3% 0.0%	\$179,600 96.08 100.08 7.38 5.9%	5521,364 79.2% 62.9% 7.8% 7.7%	£337,167 99.5% 98.5% 4.8%	\$147,012 96.2% 95.1% 3.6% 2.9%	\$100,300 90.5% 91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	\$1,269,436 65.3% 67.3% 24% 20%	\$72,467 70.2% (J.1.1% e.5.%
	Approp. Approp. Lis	Operating Music. Music. Meg Mog.	lacome lacome lacomo crama	3 1661 3161 1661 3161 1661 1	\$197.303 88.88 84.9% 9.9% 8.2%	CLOK KK7 05.05 93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	\$52.250 \$5.78 73.4% 38.4% 20.8%	\$134,340 81.68 84.78 13.18 11.18	\$448,152 90.5% \$0.6% 7.7% 7.3%		94.1% 17.1% 6.2% Q.1.2%	5478,393 92.0% 72.0% 0.9% 3.1%	1998, 994 96.8% 98.0% Ltx	31,000,000	77.78 13.78	\$19,717 39.28 37.5% 12.9% 11.28	\$57,957 99.7% 97.9% 5.3% 0.0%	\$179,600 96.0% 100.0% 7.3% 5.9%	79.28 52.9% 7.8% 7.7%	99.5% 98.5% 4.8% 4.2%	\$147,012 96.2% 95.1% 3.8% ZVN	\$100,300 90.5% 91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	\$1,269,436 65.3% 67.3% 24% 20%	\$72,467 70.2% (J.1.1% e.5.%
	Total Approp. Approp. Lis	of Operating Music. Music. Meg Mog	Income Income Income Income Craus Contains Conta	3 1661 \$161 1661 \$161 (populps)	C177 726 S192 303 88.8% 84.9% 9.9% 8.2%	202 201 CLOK KK7 05.08 93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	C11 E20 552.250 55.78 73.4% 38.4% 20.8%	81.11 81.61 81.43 80.18 01.68 13.18 11.18	. ST7.276 S448,152 90.5% 50.6% 7.7% 7.3%		\$291,053 \$250,245 94.1% \$7.1% 0.2% 0.1%	\$779,524 \$878,393 92.0\$ 72.0\$ 0.9%	\$912,092 \$998,994 96.8% 98.0% £4.8 3.8%	\$1,043,315 31,000,405 70.1% 12,1% 5.8% 7.1%	570,477 77.7% 13.7%	\$17.068 \$19.717 39.28 37.5% 12.9% 11.2%	\$75,714 \$57,957 99.7% 97.9% 5.3% 0.0%	\$197,068 \$179,600 96.0% 100.0% 7.3% 8.9%	5518,166 5521,364 79.2% 52.9% 7.8%	, 5726,766 5337,167 99.5% 98.5% 4.8%	\$120.014 \$147,012 96.28 95.1% 3.8% 2.9%	509,000 \$100,300 90.5% 91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	\$1,148,504 \$1,269,436 65.3% 67.3% 24% 2.0%	\$72,467 70.2% (J.1.1% e.5.%
	Total Approp. Approp. Lis	Operating Music. Music. Meg Mog.	Income Income Income Income Craus Contains Conta	3 1661 3161 1661 3161 1661 1	\$197.303 88.85 84.95 9.95 8.25	202 201 CLOK KK7 05.08 93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	\$52.250 \$5.78 73.4% 38.4% 20.8%	81.11 81.61 81.43 80.18 01.68 13.18 11.18	. ST7.276 S448,152 90.5% 50.6% 7.7% 7.3%		\$250,245 94.1% \$7.1% 0.2% Q.1%	5478,393 92.0% 72.0% 0.9% 3.1%	1998, 994 96.8% 98.0% Ltx	\$1,043,315 31,000,405 70.1% 12,1% 5.8% 7.1%	77.78 13.78	\$19,717 39.28 37.5% 12.9% 11.28	\$57,957 99.7% 97.9% 5.3% 0.0%	\$197,068 \$179,600 96.0% 100.0% 7.3% 8.9%	5518,166 5521,364 79.2% 52.9% 7.8%	\$226,766 \$37,167 99.5% 98.5% 4.8% 4.3%	\$120.014 \$147,012 96.28 95.1% 3.8% 2.9%	509,000 \$100,300 90.5% 91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	\$1,148,504 \$1,269,436 65.3% 67.3% 24% 2.0%	\$71,555 \$72,457 70.2% (5.1%)
2	Total Approp. Approp. Lis	Operating Music. Music. Meg Mog.	Pop. Income Income Income Income Craus Stotal Stotal Stotal Stotal Stotal	3 1661 8161 1661 8161 1661 1101 (populary) dans 0	C177 726 S192 303 88.8% 84.9% 9.9% 8.2%	202 201 CLOK KK7 05.08 93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	C11 E20 552.250 55.78 73.4% 38.4% 20.8%	81.11 81.61 81.43 80.18 01.68 13.18 11.18	. ST7.276 S448,152 90.5% 50.6% 7.7% 7.3%		\$291,053 \$250,245 94.1% \$7.1% 0.2% 0.1%	\$779,524 \$878,393 92.0\$ 72.0\$ 0.9%	\$912,092 \$998,994 96.8% 98.0% £4.8 3.8%	V \$1,003,315 31,000,877 75.18 22.18 5.88 7.18	111 350,007 77.78 13.78	\$17.068 \$19.717 39.28 37.5% 12.9% 11.2%	\$75,714 \$57,957 99.7% 97.9% 5.3% 0.0%	\$197,068 \$179,600 96.0% 100.0% 7.3% 8.9%	V 5518,166 5521,364 79.28 82.998 7.88	V 5026,766 537,167 99.5% 98.5% 6.8%	\$120.014 \$147,012 96.28 95.1% 3.8% 2.9%	509,000 \$100,300 90.5% 91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	V 51,148,504 51,269,436 65.3% 67.3% 2.4% 2.0%	U \$71,555 \$72,457 70.2% 13.1% 3.2%
	Total Approp. Approp. Lis	Operating Music. Music. Meg Mog.	Pop. Income Income Income Income Craus Stotal Stotal Stotal Stotal Stotal	3 1661 \$161 1661 \$161 (populps)	27 126 \$197.303 81.8% 81.9% 8.9% 8.2%	202 201 CLOK KK7 05.08 93.9% 4.1% 3.6%	THE STATE SY 20 85.78 73.48 38.48 20.88	11.18 11.18 11.08 81.68 11.18 11.18 11.18	V . STT. 276 SA48,152 90.5% 50.6% 7.7% 7.3%		RY IV \$291,053 \$250,245 94.1% \$7.1% 6.2% \$4.1%	V 5799,524 \$878,393 92.0% 72.0% V	V 5912,092 5998,994 96.8% 91.0% 24.8	V \$1,003,315 31,000,807 7518 2218 5.88 7.18	WHAM III 1978 13.78 13.78	11 517.06 519.717 39.28 37.5% 12.9% 11.2%	\$75,714 \$57,957 99.7% 97.9% 5.3% 0.0%	V \$197,068 \$179,600 96.08 100.08 7.38 8.9%	V SSIE 166 SSIEJ64 79.28 52.98 7.88 7.78	77 5726, 765 537, 167 99.5% 98.5% 4.2%	17 S120.014 S147,012 96.2% 95.1% 3.6% 2.9%	THE \$99,000 \$100,300 90.5% 91.0% 7.7% 6.9%	\$1,148,504 \$1,269,436 65.3% 67.3% 24% 2.0%	U \$71,555 \$72,457 70.2% 13.1% 3.2%

							_	_	- -	·	5-	5 4-	जिल्ला	(Jr	सम	सर	ŖΤ	بر	हाङ	ila i	ilà	25.5	2 2	31.8	¥15	4.2.4	0.0%	25.0%	2.48	8.18	5.78	Γ	5.0%	X.38			
Xeg Lie	Grasta	186	0.0	W	26%	11.0%	12.5%	6.2%	3.0%	5.6%	11.0%	× 100	١	7	9.6%	- 1	12.8%	1	8.6%	١		7	1		Ϊ.	1	1	1	1		1		408	1		40	
	•			10.0%	1		1	7.28	3.38	5.9 K	14.5%	5	3.38	15.8%	11.2%	1.28	27.08	16.6%	86.6	S. S.	7.58	23.5%	١	7.1%	1			1	1		\perp		1			J	
Meg.	Grants		1							Ш			١				202	1	24.98	22.4%	\$0.0%	77.8%	87.78	22.38	X 3 10	80.8	27.78	27.76	2	2 2 2	X/.03	X7.27	N OK	37.2%			
Approp.	lacome	1991	87.68	100.0%	73.6%	87.65	58.18	86.98	91.0%	24.15	33.	الخ	ä							$\ \ $	۱ ۱	1			-	1	1	1	١		1	×	W.	79.5%	1		
	. –	=		\$1.00	20.18	19.5%	15.68	78.1%	88.5%	84.9%	21.18	96.98	97.18	76.5%	7.2%	15.78	73.0%	M.38	74.28	91.68	96.6%	98.2%	88.2%	82.28	46.9%	95.3%	93.0%	80.48	65.8%	22.98	87.68	93.38		ri i	8		
Approp.	Mente	lator &	1			\perp																180	L.	121	23,809	99	586	122	\$25,750	1303,763	\$15.491	\$107,617	H	\$408.219	12,2		
-	7 2		<u>8</u>	\$18,309	250,666	\$120,261	253,748	\$86.078	105.40!	5207.677	27.07	535.78	\$101 552	005 1913	\$102.159	5100 111	216,2912	È	26.396	182.783	517.419	113,806	111.6772	\$797.172	in in	\$289,160	\$1,356,586	2238,728	E	£300.	33	\$10.		E	1		
Total	Operating Income		ľ	1	1		\rceil																	3/2	3				8	38	123	285		\$446,923	\$5,252		
	3 -	ବ	1981		\$54,134	\$112,333	\$264,579	\$4,621	\$25,478	2350,077	214,164	051.023	208,022	20,190	\$144.807	\$120,0218	\$136,588	\$6,345	\$10,143	126.481	585,14	27,72	5763.577	273,333	2 28	535,010	1927.261	\$217,646	\$22,400	2729,666	\$12.627	\$103,592		5446	2		
Total	Operating	(bolonibe)			2	21.	Š	3	4	123	a	7	4		5						1	1	1	+	+	+	+	1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1	
-		Group.	-	-	+	+	T	+	+	\prod		\prod			1	A		اً		П	>	2	Z	> 3	>	_ 2	≥ 5	5 2	2 5	3 2	٤ .	-	5 -	- >	-		
	1	¥ &	;	8	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	2 -	>	B	3 12	5	N N	Ш	W IV		2	2																					
		È	i								EACT RRIDGEWATER	TELD	EAST LONGMEADOW		NO		>					>			0	\bigcup	HOH	HAM		اج		او	ZWQ.	9.5	SIBK		
			MUNICIPALLI	1,	5 0	5	1	,	7	A V	RIDGE	EAST BROOKFIELD	MONO	NV.	FASTHAMPTON	1	ENGARTOWN	TACK.	ECKEMONI	1	TE	FAIRHAVEN	FALL RIVER	ALMOUTH	FITCHBURG	FLORIDA	FOXBOROUGH	FRAMINGHAM	FRANKLIN	FREETOWN	GARDNER	OAY HEAD	GEORGETOWN	פורד	GLOUCESTER	GOSHEN	
		1	ž X	1	DIGHTON	DOUGLAS	DOVER	DRACUT	DUDLEY	DUNSTABLE	1977	EAST B	1273	EASTHAM	TE LE		EASTON		EOKEMC	ESEEX.	EVERET		٠			<u> </u>			ۇس.	3000	S 2545	ø.,	٠٠ <i>٠</i> ٠	•		<u>ଧ</u>	
			~. ·	1		,; <u>v</u>	<u> </u>	. 5. %	Se X	(2 2 4	\$100E			· 150	26.18	::::::	(X) A		0 3	8	13.5 X	Z		22.9%	0.0%	3 2	14.5%	1.58		37.78	7.28	1	1	11	11		
	i i	Grade	换	<u>\$</u>	1	1 1		۱۱		١١	١		- 1	- 1	- 1	7	1	- 1		١	1.	1.		3.38	۱.,	258	200	1.6%	2	30.18			6.2×	4.9%	1 1	1 1	
	3	Grabts	Stotal	1981	9.48	Į į	1	1		1	۱ ۱	11			1		1 1					- 1	-1			88.7%	ł	74.7%	1	١.	1_	22.8%	١.	X 6.56	180%	H	
	-	Munic.		1861		8C.78	2.8%	95.1%	77.3%	95.2%	96.8%	95.7%	85.78	18.0	68.4%	77.78			11	۱۱				1	- 1	1	1	١	١	١	١	١	-			11	
	1		- 	_	8908	16.18	20.00	27.47	71.48	2.48	\$0.86	97.5X	90.2%	100.0%	46.38	69.28	\$ 18	8.38	86.98	64.28	35.9%	74.78	86.7%	27.78	87.50	100.0%	2.3	72.9%	82.38		S6.9%	91.6%		87.00			
	Approp.	Munic	Stotel	i 	1	\perp	1	1	1	\perp	\perp	1	\perp	1	1	L	\perp	L		16:	110	557.02	100	558,149	\$16,197	3	\$252,197	\$10,018	\$\$91.658	+	\$4.472	\$106,274	\$566,237	\$469,500	3	\$62,555	
	3	Operating	Iscome	8		1	\$1,038,022	22,150	2,11,5%	\$17,457	27.27.20	5505.376	SC 1113	20, 196	27.72	27.00	21/01/2	1	2018.62	51.8	\$12.911	2	\$707.573	125	\$16.	\$131,944	\$25.	\$16	286.		14	\$10	11	11			
	Total	Open	<u>a</u>		1		=		2			4				<u>.</u>],	Bla				130	3 8	3/5	1 2 E	513.198	202	035	\$12,893	\$631,233		21.487	559,123	\$550.556	\$11,306	\$491,797	\$55.590	13.15
	-	tio g		(adjusted)	2	\$19,007	\$1,304,612	\$77,572	\$2,196,654	\$16,197	\$416,578	22.274.708	5151515	\$115,36	574,546	\$6,271	\$7,600	5116,455	\$759,746	1065,493	\$6.639	11.118 08.4 08	29,62	542,455		S174.702	\$251,035	212	\$631	;	3	١٤	įš	3	Ä	4	1
	1980	Operation			·		515	L	B	Ц		zi	1	1	1	4	H	4	H	4	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1	+	+		- = ≥	: >	. 2		2
	t		ġ	Group	_	-	M		Z	-	2	2	2	и	2	-	B	Ш	>	>	D	-	-	5 -	- -	- 2		-	- -	-	7		1	1		$\left \cdot \right $	
																							9	1		ام						NO		7	=	_	
		I I I		MUNICIPALITY	1	6	3/2	١	3 15	1 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	NOL	15		8		TWOM	آم	3	DYCAS	7	TRE	EA	CHESTERFIELD	YEE	TARK	CLARKSBURG	وَ	SSET	KIN	300	WAY	CUMMINGTON	2	DANVERS	DARTMOUTH	DEERFIELD	DENNIS
PENDIX I.				MINIC	100	1	RIMFIELD	ROCKTON	ROOKFIELD	ROOKLINE	OCKLAND	AMBRIDGE	NOTA	CARLISLE	ARVER	TAPI FMONT	CHARLEMO	CHARLES	CHATHAM	CHELSEA	CHESHURE	CHESTER	CHEST	CHICOPEE	CHILMAIN	CLAR	CLINTON	COHASSET	COLRAIN	CONCORD	CONWAY	CUM.	DALTON	DAN	DAR	DEEL	120
.PE		1		•			됩	Æ!	١	æl:	<u>ځا:</u>	કાર	۽ اڙ	ાં	ن از	الإر	<u>از</u>	<u>اار</u>	<u>یار</u>	-15	كنت	<u> حن</u>	<u>دنـ</u>			_	_	-	•						•	(C)	

					3		ココララ	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2							[:	
											Total	Approp.	Approp.	:	;	
PPENDIA 1.							-				300	Meric.	Majo.	Mcg		
			1	Approp.	37	:3				Cherating	Operation	lacom.	lacoene.	Grants		
	Total	Total	Music.	Munic.		Meg				Income Adjusted)		Stotal	Stotel Stotel	5 total	1861	
	Operaung	[acouse	Income	lacomo	Grants			MUNICIPALITY	Group	1988	1991	3861	100001	1	6.58	
	_		ž 		_	1861			E	\$137,700	\$130,373	87.00	١	''	20.6%	
MUNICIPALITY		1661	2261	1	1		_	T	-	\$14,156	\$15,000	×6.00		1		ox r
			_	36.30	28.6	7.6%	\$3; :s	HUNTINGTON	12	027,422	\$266,139	200		5.48	1	<u> </u>
GOSNOLD	730 11.3	\$166,443		١	1	15.18	9,7	PSWICH	E	\$148,217	\$165,142			12.68		
	27.014	161,812	\Box	- 1	10.7×	١	ئەم دىد ئەم دىد	KINGSTON	+	\$57,061	\$5,655				5.48	ا الموا
CRANBY	100		91.5%	١	٦,	100	* **	LAKEVILLE	7	905 9713	\$126,349				29.82	W.
CRANVILLE	277	\$192.522	2 88.78	١	1	1	75	ANCASTER		931 113	\$12,469			1	\$ 1278	T SE
NOTON	3101,03			١	16.1% S.J.N	١	J.46*	LANESBOROUGH		6650 643	\$644,507		12.02	١	4.68	I W
	+			١		1	100.5	AWRENCE	T _N	51.00.15	\$133,880		١	1	17.98	Į.
	+	174 549,138		١	73.8%	١.	<u> </u>	LEE		571.776	\$71,651			1.	\	प्रा
AND	+			١			7.88 1.1	LEICESTER	すず	13.67	\$233,374			L	X 7.7 X	Ų.
	+	595,433		١	١			ENOX		\$535.521	\$51,354				S 20.78	ĮĶ1
	1	\$175,617		- 1	- 1	1	~ ~	LEOMINSTER	*	21.12	\$10,365			L	¥ 1.6%	<u> </u>
×	+		L	8 87.13	87.4% 14.	1	.,	EVERETT		03 376 10	2		×0.00		\$ 32.5%	E.
LAUPDEN II	1		-		- 1	١	1987	EXCINCTON	^	01073	١			1_	1	N.
LANCOCK L		\$30,000	L	89.0%	- 1	١		FYDEN	-	THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE P	1		1	١		3.5%
	17 5192	1	L	91.5% 10		١		NIOON	Ш	25,50		L	١	1		\$ 28
	111 500	1		51.4%		1		NOTE FTON	m	31.4.72	١	93.48		1	١	14.68
×	11 517		$oldsymbol{\perp}$		87.18 12	١		ONGMEADOW	IV	Sec. Cost						
	314	١	$oldsymbol{\perp}$	80.2%	82.1%	١	. »	- Ower f	7	35,50			17.3% £5	٦	1	
	17 514		1	-			1.4.	TO TO W	IV	\$186,039		L	94.68 B	١	١	
C Section	25 11	١		١	72.9%		\$	- SINENBURO	m	OK 1118				١	١	
MAINTE	VI STI	\$778,341 NOT	₹	HAVE A PU		ا۔	90 66	LYNN	N	51,04,333				1	X 9 7	778
114 W.T. E.Y.	r DOES	200	\$88 013	76.8%		١,		LYNNFIELD	2	100 000			1	١	١	278
HEATH	+		\$745.458	14.0%		١,	200	MALDEN	2	119 (11)			١	X	١	×4.0
IIINGIIAM	2		\$13,362	58.2%			7.05	MANCHESTER-BY-THE- III	Y-1116- III	\$1.2012					١	2.5%
IIINSDALE	$\frac{1}{1}$		\$178,871	80.08	•		138	MANSFIELD	≥ :	157.593.757					3.98	3.0%
HOLBROOK	$\frac{1}{1}$	4	\$025,708	92.8%		200	0.0%	MARBLEHEAD	<u>.</u>	581.513			1	1	808	4.9%
HOLDEN	1		\$7,552	67.78		200	879	MARION		\$55.565		\$ 577,860		1	×78	6.2%
HOLLAND	1		\$191,805	91.8%	2		000	MARLBOROUGH		9/3 9/13			١	X 0.2		6.0%
NOTST JOH	+		\$196.724	63.5%	40.7%		900	MARSHFIELD					1	20.00		5.28
HOLYOKE	>		\$11.982	91.2%	91.18	6		MASHPEE		1917			95.9%	20:2		178
HOPEDALE	+			82.6%			1	_		203 (203			91.3%	21.2		
Çæ	111		24.25	11.38	89.98	=			2	777				7 7	~	
	+	521, 619	\$279,300	92.6%	100.0%	7.3%	200							200	V	
NOMILIA	-		<u>.</u>													

STACE TO SECULATION

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

PENDIX I.									1000	Total	Approp.	V prode		- ·
	1				9.	13		_	a di	Operating		Maric.		No.
	Total	Total	Approp.	Approp.	_	Met		1	Property.	Income	lacom.	Poor		- February
	Operating	Operating	Mulaic.	Income	_	Grante		j de	(potentipe)		Sectal	100 ×	1014	<u>8</u>
	Lacous	Become	Stotel	Stotal		Stotal	MUNICIPALITY		1861	1661	39/6	18.88 18.88	5.48	42,
MUNICIPALITY Group		1661	1916	186	1		MORPOLE	Ш	\$147,517	507.CKIS	27.28	88.58	20.4%	15.7%
100	167 (313	\$169,082		١		1100	NORTH ADAMS	77	\$173,472	200. 1915	67.38	\$9.68	5.68	5.3%
	\$71.543	\$770,711		١	1		NORTH ANDOVER	7	2360,177	103 65		20.68	11.5%	11.0%
EDFORD	6140480	\$189,519			- 1		MORTH ATTLEBOROUG	VI OUC	\$219,24	151 570	1	20.8%		12.6%
	107 6353			1	- 1		NORTH BROOKFIELD	1	116,911	017 613		98.78		0.0
ELROSE	520.142			١	15.73		NORTH READING	7	\$166,410	930 7933	_	81.2%		3.7%
	186.372	11 \$80,113		1	١.	1 28	NORTHAMPTON	>	5/4/./01	5425.340		94.3%		2
	1501.063	13 5387,164	_	1	1	708	NORTHBOROUGH	7	27/0/2/	561.423	65.0%	39.4%	١	201
ETHUEN IV	+	89 5272,058	\perp	XC BE	ľ		NORTHBRIDGE	2	062 240	\$28,858		19.6%		
	-			2		3.2%	NORTHFIELD	<u>n</u>	316 318		81.3%		٦\	1
III DOLLETELL	\$107,277			١	1	4.2%	NORTON	2	363 336	\$281,095	\$ 95.9%		-	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
(IDDLETON	\$680,644			1	1		(8)	B	77 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	2809.990			1	
	-		1	1	1	7.2%	***	>	702 173	\$46.619	98.8%		١	2
ווודאמאו	\$96,467		27.12	١	1,,,	25.2%	W. Y	11	082 113	\$14,093		۱	15.28	
HELLIS STATE			1	1	1	4.0%	200		\$118.561			X I DE	-	١
	\$644,348	348 \$579,303	1		1		ORANGE	E	\$195.225		92.78		1	
LONKOE		073 600	\perp	79.0%	84.4% 9.7%	١	<u>ن</u> 3	-	-			200	20.01	11.0%
	-		\perp		94.5% 7.3%	6.9%	**	2	\$150,700		\perp	1	١	1
UE	E 314,00		$oldsymbol{\downarrow}$	91.5%	8.98	١	in in	2	\$270,962	٣	1	١	1_	6.4%
MONTEREY		518,000	\$1.200		83.3%	0.0%	FALMER	П	\$57,600	١	1			4.6%
NONTGOMERY			Ц		- 1	,	والإرا	>	517,712	187,7182	3109			
ASHINGTON	2112	\$112.067 \$114,017		96.7% 97	97.2%	1	, Pie	-	26,84					١
	-	۱	\bot	١	1 2000	3.68	PEMBROKE	2	3130,72					- 1
MANIOCABI	-				1	1	PEPPERELL	2	32 13		\$1,726 62.18		=	20.00
7	V 576		202		1		PERU		18 343		\$40,336	9.9%	- 1	ľ
VEEDING!	1 DOES NOT	3	2		890 000	18 6.28		-	16953		\$6.00 59.5%		$^{\sim}$	1
	1917.891	7,891 \$1,192,403	1	١	L		PHILLIPSTON		m 0000	4	L	88.5% B	- 1	1
SOLON SOLON	-	\$6,262	\downarrow	1	•	1	0.0% PITTSFIELD	>	2000		56.665 70.	70.3% 74	1	1
NEW BRAINI KEB				1		1			3 3	١	L	11.18 9	٦	١
NEW MAKE BOROUGH			\bot	١	1	١	• •	111	200,000					5.78 5.43
NEW SALEM	15	589.220	\$50,689	١	1	١	_	>	CON TO SERVICE			92.48	93.7% 7.	7.6×
UKY				-	* 1	1		u u	777					'
NEWBORTON	\dagger	\$1,862,138 \$1,5	\$1,438,945	93.4%	-									



PENDIX I.													American	1.1	3
							-			Total	1001	Z A	į.	McL	Mcg
		Total	Total	Approp.			-	-		Operating	Cheratag		1	*	Grasts
		2	*	Munic.	_		¥ .		ě.	lacom	[acoss	incom.) Table	Stote	Stotal
	Ė	[acous	[acome		lacoma Leter	Stotal C	* total	MUNICIPALITY	Group	(botavíbe)	1861	1861	1991	1988	18
MUNICIPALITY	Orong	(botten(pa)				1988	1861			22. 22. 12	\$1 203 161	£5.7%	\$6.2%	8.28	6.0%
		1911			25 63	×!:	7.2%	SOMERVILLE	M	050 5000	\$50.739	80.76	97.8%	- 1	2
INCETON	П	\$36,122	240.987	20.4%	27.20	2.18	1.78	SOUTH HADLEY	2	999 953	\$47,020	\$0.75	100.0%	١	27.
OVINCETOWN	- 1	\$122,560	3132,90	30.00	2010	5.68	S. 6 K	SOUTHAMPTON	7	al sus	\$159.512	98.8%	97.1%	١	
TINCY	77	\$1,572,224	\$1,520,500	2776	\$2.28	1.98	2.18	SOUTHBOROUGH	111	200 200	\$243,235	91.5%	13.6%		X 7.0
HADOUN	^	\$243,024	25/4,/99	20.00	89 93	1.,	18.2%	SOUTHBRIDGE	2	129 365	685.502	79.8%	88.2%		11.2%
LYNHAM	H	\$21,23	Clo,tCC	97.70	1	4.2%	4.0%	SOUTHWICK	H	317 5119	\$137.110	62.9%	\$4.0%		2
:ADING	2	\$510,927	2018,19	66.68		28.78	20.7%	SPENCER	2 5	54.80.931	5,844,710		77.6%	1	000
CHOBOTH	B	201,/00	117 000	8018	١	18.0%	17.5%	SPRINGFIELD	E	\$103.904	\$107.644	90.7%	2	٥	
FVERE	>	CK.//22	210.41	74.78	١	20.1%	16.5%	نور	3 5		\$125,090				
CHIMOND	-	510,015	136 163	20.0%	11.28	20.6%	20.7%	، نده	3 2	\$433,742	5414,563			١	
CHESTER	<i>-</i>	319,730	230000	\perp	1			,		2781.670	101,7022	96.8%		١	1
CKLAND	2	\$206,376	20,000	\perp		3.68	3.2%	er d	A E	056.9015	\$108,848			١	۱
OCKPORT	Ш	\$143,871	3136,000	1	١	L_		* srow	3	21012	\$174.937	7 83.0%		١	١
TATO.	-	22,802		1	31.00	1	1.2%		H	27. 360	2765.976	81.96		Ì	
NAT EV	0	\$55,000	£52. FO	1	1	٠.	1''	SUDBURY	2	2011/20	139 213	37.19	\$6.3%		١
NOTSTAND	-	\$11,021	50,795		١		1	64,-	П	N1C724					7
HSSELL	-	\$12,727		26.70			1		B	100.51					- 1
CN F	D	\$70,453		1	١	1	1.18	÷	٤	2014,400		7 02.18	X0.68	16.8%	
75.75	>	\$605,138	7	4	١		İ	À, rè	2	5104,/02		1		12.38	2 9.8%
AT ISRURY	B	\$58,807			7		1		>	\$577,730		1		23.0%	
A CONTROLL D	-	\$5,462			١	1	١	S TEMPLETON	Ш	\$20,401				89.4% 12.0%	K 11.48
A NOWICH	2	\$260,199			١	` °	١	38.5	>	\$220,973	W. 1624	1		1	0.0%
AUGUS	>	\$245,919	\$255,668	RCX.		`_	1	ردون	П		30010				
4004	-		١	4	2000	377	800		1		6127 913	21 90 38		3.28	X 0.0%
TAILATE	2	\$361,481	١	1	1	1		TOPSFIELD	111	\$100,872				12.9%	
CERONE	2	\$204.038		_	1	1	1	TOWNSEND	H	166,678	20, 000			81.78 7.18	
2004	2	2019,944	7	1		2 2	١	-	-	321.4%				89.7% 10.2%	8.3×
ILAKON PIETER D	=	\$46,955		\perp	-	٦			Ш	\$73,100				1	
HEFFICELD	=	\$33,866		_	١	1	1		-					2011 28.78	38 11.6X
HELBURYE	: =	\$119,754	3146,845		١		1			\$31,375					1
HERBORN		004 Y73	\$50.081	L	84.6% 83.	83.6% 15.4%	7		=	\$133,416		-	١		ì
IIRLEY	=	20.020	1	L	91.18	96.18 3.98		=1		\$626.156		\$629,454	١	- 1	T
A HREWSBURY	2	0,4/0	*	1		41.25 M.18		27.4% WAXEFIELD	>	135 013			68.68	98.5% 24.	24.3% 33.
HITTESBURY	-	25.740		1				0.0% WALES		1					₽ †
, 1461. P.CET	2	016'(023	10 X 100, /03	_	ļ	i									

Meg	Create	8			à l	4.0%	0.0	248	1	X .	× .	K (0.7)		27.7																					
	-		1	27.13	7.78	١	٦	248	- 1	١	-	- 1	7	- }	25.																		7) H	
	_			21.9%	98.6%	\$6.9%	53.1%	92.2%		25.28	25.68	27.78	40.1%	98.2%	75.9%																				
	_		13.61	11.58	100.0%	95.7%	75.9%	95.7%		100.0%	92.0%	93.1%	51.2%	92.5%	74.6%																		٠,	,	
Total Operating	•		1861	\$35.588	\$138,700	\$34,573	\$83,488	\$652,054		\$286,880	\$103.015	\$3,011,652	\$15,325	\$103,748	\$200,002\$																				
Total Operating O		(adjusted)	1918	176'625	\$126,948	\$360,271	\$84,611	\$708,511		\$228,144	\$517.163	\$3,713,126	\$12,644	\$118,651	\$179,007			•	•													TIME :			
	į	Quodo		П	III	12	: =	2	-	7.	>	Π.A.		E	IV																	10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		30000	
		MUNICIPALITY		WILLAMSBURG	WIT I IAMSTOWN	WILLIAMSION IN	WILMINGTON	WINCHESTER	WINDSOR	WINTHROP	WORTEN	WORCESTER	WORTHINGTON	WRENTHAM	YARMOUTH														gyan		**	-		Paris N	
	7 ·	~ (.e^.	a 'vç.	T.	٠. نس	(a) 7 /	94.79	2000	£3.90		72.00	200	7,	٠, مثر	38	19.6€	2.0%	3.78	× ()	12.1%	2					2.6%	12%	5.9%	1.0	9.7%	1.8%	0.0	0.0	202	
3 3	Meg	S total	8	ı		1	7	2.2%	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1 1		- [7	1	- 1	1			1	١	١					ı	7	200
3	Xet Just		161	:	25.5	7.8%	10.7%	11.5%	10.3%	57.5	300	29%	70.0	200		7	11		- 1	-1	- 1		20.0%	-	1	1	1	1		K 11.38		1 1	1	-1	ł
 	_				- 1	- 1				* 12	SKT.	97.4%		× 0× 0×		•	95.4%	\$6.38	22.8%	8 7 2	27.5	20.0%	86.78	2 2	75.45	93.78	72.58	91.5%	25.60	88.7%	98.2%	₩ 96.4%	78.9%	78.4%	20.00
Approp	Munic.	S total	R	١	1	١	١		-	. :	3	۱	١					۱				-	١	97.18	72.28	05.78	70.3%	86.38	97.8%	22.48	100.00	90.2%	86.16	79.3%	
Approp.	Menic.	Income Control	108		92.5%	91.8%	65.1%	15.3%	75.8%	51.3%	PUBLIC	56.4% 26.4%	97.0%	X . X	X0.5%	72.48	92.28	88.8%	100.0%	62.15	90.5%	9218	86.7%	97.	7	3	2	1	اج	2	8	8	Ц		ļ
-		lacome In	- 100	1221	\$765,771	\$12,835	\$132,796	\$221,409	\$61,219	212	_	\$1,099,215	\$288,750	\$137.420	51,000,1/0	\$10.166	\$129,241	\$152,792	\$145,375	S24,579	291,867	\$408,150	\$4,385	\$65.877	\$438,403	110 275	087513	\$101 806	\$505.274	\$139.168	\$323,115	\$680,977	\$23,274	\$109,120	
Total	Operating O		(adjusted)	1361	\$355,013	\$729,142	\$129,624	\$11,194	\$54,305	-	귈		\$355,080	\$144,010	\$1,052,455	530.414	\$111.239	\$139,696	\$128,606	\$21,759	\$12,562	\$406,547	81.519	\$50,267	\$369,431	2008,492	1/0/1900	257 700	250 7773	998 02.73	5485.661	169,6085	\$17.190	\$100,389	
-			Orong	-	۱۸	N	H	2	п	1	-	٨	ľV	2	>	<u>.</u>		E	١.,		П	>	-	-	λſ	۱	٤.	- :	5		: 2	2	: -	. ≥	
			MUNICIPALITY	1	LPOLE	THAM		REHAM	RREN	RWICK	SITINGTON	ERTOWN	LLAND	ISTER	LESLEY	LFLEBT	NDELL	T BOY! STON	CT RRIDGEWATER	CT BROOKFIELD	ST NEWBURY	ST SPRINGFIELD	ST STOCKBRIDGE	ST TISBURY	STBOROUGH	STFIELD	STFORD	THAMPTON	CTAINSTER	STON	THORI	ALL ION	ATELY	TWAN	2

ERIC Full list Provided by ERIC

ENDIX 1.

ET C

199	ırs)
	1 constant dolla
1	1991
	inflation (
	justed for
יי סי	= adjus
	•

-	Ł					Non-Resident	Circulation	Estimated	Non-Resident	
		TOTAL	STATE TIGMEGN	TOTAL	Circulation	# S#	Percent of	Circulation	COST	
	ğ.	SINISS	(22111)			Total	Circulation	(NRC circ.	x \$0.34)	
Add to dio tions	Group	1088	1661	1988	1991	1988	1991	1988	1861	
MUNICIPALIT	1700	2071			ii.					
			⋖	APPENDIA II						
	3	Stimated	Estimated Non-Resid	ident Circ	ent Circulation (NRC) Costs) Costs				G9:3
	l	•		Ċ	as and Tour	0				n e
		<u> </u>	tor Massachus	nsens cin		7				11
			Fiscal Y	Fiscal Years 1988 and 1991	and 1991				Non-Decident	7.
		14202	CTATE	_		Non-Resident	Circulation	Estimated	TON TON	
	2	TOTO!	d IG/MEG)	TOTAL	Circulation	# S#	Percent of	Circulation	1803 1803 -	
	rop.	- 					Circulation	(NKC circ.	1991	
VITATION AT 1TY	1988	1988	1991	1988	1661	198	1861		3	
Moment		C17 496	\$15.858	52,675	5 78,388			1		1~
ABINGTON	* •	616 150		185,862				1		,] _
ACTON	3 (0	610,130			2 16,462			1		
ACUSHNEI	2 0	40000				11.09%		À		7
ADAMS	ומ	\$10,002				1.40%	5.8%	6/2		n c
AGAWAM	n	436,313	1	-						576
ALFORD	~	283	700 000	117 900	106.589	3.27%				2)
AMESBURY	4	4		1		20.29%	34.5%			2
AMHERST	2	-		1		16.09%	93.0%	\$	\$50,162	N
ANDOVER	2			\downarrow			4 10.8%			Š
ARLINGTON	2		9	"		-		\$2,	3	<u></u>
ASHBURNHAM	3	_	\$6,233	7			9	\$	\$85	20
ASHBY	2			-	96 26 751		6 0.4%			36
ASHFIELD		_	2 \$2,207	43 780		1.43%	%0.0%			22
ASHI, AND	1	-				13.73%				Z I
ATHOL		_				9.84%	% 9.0%			0
ATTLEBORO	-	5 \$41,835					37.9%	47		6
AUBURN		-	"	_			% 35.8%			7.
AVON		_					% 18.9%			63
AYER		_					12.2%	\$13,185	\$18	8
BARNSTABLE		"		<u>"</u>			% 0.5%			\$31
BARRE		_				78 33.96%				2
BECKET	-	-			۲		17.5%		\$5,998	476
BEDFORD	-	4 \$10,196	96 \$9,730							

L	1	٠.
7		-
	9	
۰	-	•
۰	_	-
	_	•
_	_	•
7	=	_
•		_
e	•	
		_
1	~	•
1	_	
ſ	1	_
7	_	-
ι	<u>}</u>	
ú	_	
۲	_	J
i		
ì	_	-
ŕ	• •	٦.
٦	_	•
	-	Ŀ
	_	_

dollars)
91 constant
Inflation (1991
- adjusted for
ŀ

COCT.	COS1 x \$0.34)	1661	20	6073	240 745	40,00	24	\$101	0\$	\$13,180	\$5,311	20	23	\$16	\$131,581	\$2,045	\$332	\$143	\$276			\$16,043	20	\$3,6	23	\$20			\$54,405			S	200		5 \$4,059	
	Circulation (NRC circ. x	1988		661	100	\$10,191	21	\$26		\$8,251	\$2,518		\$11	\$17	\$82,049	\$8,674	\$396	\$107	\$225	\$550	\$2,200	\$4,598	\$277	\$13,203		\$34,918			\$33,360	\$3,015	\$290	26\$			\$1,985	
	Percent of Circulation	- 16	%O O	200	8.6. P. C.	12.7%	90.0	1.6%		14.4%	7.8%	90.0	0.4%	0.4%	13.9%	6.6%	3.0%	0.8%	2.1%	9.6%	13.9%	26.6%		3.9%	90.0	24.8%	4.9%	7.9%	20.5%	8.7%	0.3%	3.5%	%0.0	8.4%	13.4%	
Non-Resident Circ	AS A Per				0.28%	12.08%	0.98%	0.49%		11.12%	4 11%		0.01%	0.47%	13 26%	30.57%	4.32%	0.62%	2.44%	0.94%	9.65%	9.79%	4.43%	12.26%		21.66%	8.06%	6.09%	15.40%	7.41%	1 09%	0.61%		1.46%	6.58%	
Ž	Ci culation	1001	1001	43,192	77,257	317,625	9 802	10 513	10,010	11,732	102,802	40 205	040	11 527	្រ	91 125	32 569	59 697	38.706	184 047	104 030	177 389	2001	275 882	20,705	594 460	12 472	162 757			611,181					
	TOTAL	000	1988	27,427	53,840	248.139	10.04	12,233	\$15,668	000	218,282	180,310	9,282	14,559	606.01	1,820,000	03,402	1/6'07	000,000	172 640	70072	100,10	136,060	10,037	310,731	14,931	474,130	9,147	114,270	637,337	119,682	18,273	44,129	9,090	32,102	/99'88
STATE	(LIG/MEG)		1991	\$14,763	\$16 932	620 121	350,151	\$4,730	\$2,491		\$34,638	\$37,543	\$10,079	\$1,991	\$2,498	\$545,745		\$2,498	\$5,153	\$3,212	\$32,061	\$5,593	\$23,123		\$121,144	\$4,039	\$43,240	\$2,728	\$17,874	\$78,560	\$15,434		\$13,118			\$3.948
TOTAL			+8861	\$12.234	C18 496	900,000	\$22,330	\$4,235	\$2,558		\$37,894	\$37,390	\$9,477	\$1,958	\$2,366	\$579,837	\$13,460	\$2,682	\$4,955	_	_		_	-+	22		6 \$46,805	\$2,778	4	888,938		2 \$2,936	4 \$11,152	_	_	245 AS
L _	Pop.	Group	1988	4	•	•	4	2	2	1	5	5	က	-	2	7	4	2	3 -	2	5	5	4	2	9	2		·	`						_	
~~~			MUNICIPALITY	NWOTOBOOLO	BELCHENIONIN	BELLINGHAM	BELMONT	BERKLEY	BERLIN	BERNARDSTON	BEVERLY	BILLERICA	BLACKSTONE	BLANDFORD	BOLTON	BOSTON	BOURNE	вохвовойся	BOXFORD	BOYLSTON	BRAINTREE	BREWSTER	BRIDGEWATER	BRIMFIELD	BROCKTON	BROOKFIELD	BROOKLINE	BUCKLAND	BURLINGTON	CAMBRIDGE	CANTON	CARLISLE	CARVER	CHARLEMONT	CHARLTON	

 $\frac{n}{n}$ 

رج بر^ي

Circulation (NRC 1991 196 2.9%	Total Circulation (NRC 1988 1991 1988 1991 1988 1991 1988 20.4% \$-15.29% 20.4% \$-15.29% 20.4% \$-15.29% 20.4% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2% 20.2%	Total Circulation (NRC 15.29% 20.4% \$ 15.29% 20.4% \$ 3.3% \$ 3.80% 3.3% \$ 5.14% 5.9% \$ 5.26% 2.9% \$ 57.60% 50.1% \$ 0.82% 1.2% \$ 0.82% 1.2%	5.29% 20.4% \$ 5.29% 20.4% \$ 3.80% 3.3% 3.3% 3.10% 11.8% 5.9% 5.14% 5.9% 2.9% 5.14% 5.9% 6.250% 2.9% 7.60% 50.1% 6.82% 1.2% 6.82% 1.2% 6.0% 0.0%	Total Circulation (NRC 1991 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	7.04al Circulation (NRC 1991 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	5.29% 20.4% \$1 3.80% 3.3% \$1 3.80% 3.3% \$1 3.10% 11.8% 5.9% 5.14% 5.9% 2.9% 7.60% 50.1% 7.0% 1.2% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0	Total Circulation (NRC of 1981) 1981 1983 1984 1983.39% \$1.39% \$1.10% 11.89% \$1.250% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.29% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$1.20% \$	Circulation (NRC c 1991 1981 1991 1981 20.4% \$1: 3.3% \$1: 5.9% \$ 5.9% \$ 6 50.1% \$ 6 0.4% \$ 6 27.7% \$ 6 0.5% \$ 6 33.6% \$ 7.7% \$ 7.7% \$ 7.7% \$ 8 33.6% \$ 8 33.6% \$ 8 33.6% \$ 8 4 15.5%	Circulation (NRC of 1991 198 3.3% \$1.3% \$1.3% \$1.3% \$1.3% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1.2% \$1	Circulation (NRC c 1991 1981 1991 1981 20.4% \$113 3.3% \$133 5.9% \$133 6.0.1% \$10.0% 6.0.4% \$10.0% 6.0.4% \$10.0% 6.0.5% \$10.0% 6.	Circulation (NRC c 1991 1981 1991 1981 20.4% \$1: 3.3% \$1: 5.9% \$ 5.9% \$ 6 0.0% 6 0.4% 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 7.7% \$1: 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 7.7% \$1: 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 7.7% \$1: 7.7% \$1: 8 33.8% 8 33.8% \$2.3% 9 0.0%	Circulation (NRC c 1991 1981 1991 1981 20.4% \$13 3.3% \$13 5.9% \$ 5.9% \$ 6 0.4% \$ 6 0.4% \$ 6 0.5% \$ 6 0.5% \$ 6 0.5% \$ 7.7% \$ 6 0.5% \$ 7.7% \$ 6 0.5% \$ 7.7% \$ 8 33.6% \$ 8 33.6% \$ 9 0.0% \$ 9 0.0%	Circulation (NRC c 1991 1981 1991 1981 1981 1981 20.4% \$1: 3.3% \$1 5.9% \$1 5.9% \$1 6 0.0% 6 0.4% 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 6 0.4% 6 27.7% \$1 6 0.6% 6 0.0% 6 0.0%	Circulation (NRC c 1991 1981 1981 1981 20.4% \$113 3.3% \$13.8% 6 0.4% \$1.2% 6 0.4% \$1.2% 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 6 0.5% 6 0.0% 6 0.0% 7 15.5% 8 6.4% 6 6.4% 6 6.6% 6 0.0%	Circulation (NRC c 1991 1981 1981 1983 3.3% \$18 5.9% \$2.9% \$2.9% \$2.9% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$3.8% \$	(NRC c) 1983 396 \$11.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.396 \$1.39	(NRC c) 1983 946 511 1983 946 511 1983 946 511 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 946 51 1983 94	(NRC c 198	(NRC c 1988	(NRC c 198
15.29% 3.80% 3.80% 5.14% 5.14% 2.50%	15.29% 2 3.80% 3.80% 5.14% 5.14% 5.16% 5.00% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250% 5.250%	15.29% 20 15.29% 20 3.80% 3 5.14% 1 5.14% 2 5.50% 5 0.82% 5	5.29% 20 3.80% 3 3.10% 1 5.14% 5.14% 6 7.60% 5 0.82% 1	5.29% 20 3.80% 1 3.10% 1 5.14% 2 5.50% 5 7.60% 5 3.70% 1	5.29% 20 3.80% 3 3.10% 11 5.14% 6 5.14% 6 7.60% 5 3.70% 1	5.29% 20 3.80% 3 3.10% 11 5.14% 5 5.14% 5 7.50% 5 0.82% 1 3.70% 1	5.29% 20 3.80% 1 3.10% 1 5.14% 2.50% 5 0.82% 0.39% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91%	20 20 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	200 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20.05 20	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	20 20 20 20 20 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	20 20 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	3 3 3 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	3 3 5 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	21 00 1 1 1 2 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 3 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	2	3 3 5 7 1 1 2 2 5 5 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	2 2 2	2 2 2	15.29% 3.80% 13.10% 5.14% 2.50% 57.60% 0.82% 3.70%	15.29% 3.80% 13.10% 5.14% 2.50% 57.60% 3.70% 3.70% 0.39%	15.29% 3.80% 13.10% 5.14% 2.50% 57.60% 0.82% 3.70% 22.91%	3.80% 3.80% 5.14% 5.14% 2.50% 0.82% 3.70% 0.39% 22.91%	5.29% 3.80% 3.10% 5.14% 2.50% 3.70% 3.70% 0.39% 0.39% 0.39% 22.91% 0.10% 27.60%	2.59% 2.10% 2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 3.70% 3.70% 0.39% 0.39% 0.10% 27.60% 27.60% 27.60% 27.60%	29% 80% 10% 14% .50% .50% .82% 2.91% 2.91% 2.91% 8.04% 8.04% 2.83%	29% 80% 10% 14% 50% 60% .82% .91% 2.91% 2.91% 2.83% 0.59%	10% 10% 10% 14% 50% 60% .39% .39% .39% 7.60% 2.83% 0.59%	9% 0% 0% 10% 30% 39% 39% 39% 39% 39% 39% 39% 39% 39% 39	9% 19% 19% 19% 19% 19% 19% 19% 19% 19% 1	66 66 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	99999			N		
			5. 5. 5. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.	3.6 57 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	3 0 0 22 2 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2	200 200 300 200		1981   14 (1 11 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			ital telefacient i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		1.7. 1.7. 1.9. 1.9. 1.9. 1.9. 1.9. 1.9.	10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%	10% 10% 114% 114% 114% 114% 114% 114% 11	10% 10% 110% 110% 110% 130% 130% 130% 13	10% 10% 114% 114% 114% 100% 1.39% 1.39% 1.39% 1.10% 1.78% 1.78% 1.78% 1.78% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.	10% 10% 10% 14% 14% 182% 1.39% 1.39% 1.00% 1.78% 1.78% 1.78% 1.78% 1.78% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38%	10% 10% 114% 11.95% 10.06% 1.39% 1.39% 1.39% 1.39% 1.78% 1.78% 1.78% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.38% 1.3
11,594 12,500 11,641 207,142	994 000 441 487 346			111111111					5 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 1 3 2 5 6 3 0 0 1 1 2 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5	57. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13	13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1	2.56 5.14 5.14 5.14 5.14 5.16 6.0 3.71 22.9 22.9 6.0 10.1	2.509 5.149 5.149 5.149 0.829 0.39 0.39 22.91 12.8; 10.5; 10.5; 11.7;	2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 5.14% 5.14% 0.82% 0.39% 0.10% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 12.83% 10.59% 0.06% 6.38% 6.38%	2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 57.60% 0.82% 3.70% 3.70% 0.10% 22.91% 22.91% 12.83% 10.59% 1.78% 1.78% 1.78% 6.38% 6.38% 7.36% 5.13%	2.50% 2.50% 5.14% 5.14% 0.82% 0.82% 0.39% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59% 10.59	5.14% 5.14% 2.50% 5.7.60% 0.82% 3.70% 3.70% 0.10% 22.91% 22.91% 12.83% 12.83% 1.78% 1.78% 6.38% 6.38% 6.38% 4.13% 3.67% 3.67%	13.10% 5.14% 5.14% 2.50% 0.82% 0.82% 3.70% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 12.83% 10.59% 10.59% 1.78% 1.78% 27.60% 5.13% 4.13% 3.67% 1.08% 23.63% 23.63%	13.10% 2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 3.70% 0.39% 22.91% 22.91% 22.91% 12.83% 12.83% 1.059% 1.78% 6.38% 6.38% 1.36% 3.67% 3.67% 11.95%
-1-1-18	1,5 17,1 14,8	11,594 12,500 11,641 107,142 26,187 56,193	11,594 11,500 11,641 07,142 26,187 14,846 56,193 82,055	11,594 12,500 11,641 07,142 26,187 14,846 56,193 82,055 11,250	11,594 12,500 11,641 26,187 26,187 56,193 82,055 11,250	1,594 2,500 11,641 77,142 26,187 14,846 56,193 82,055 11,250 173,014		8 9 9 8						2 0 0 8 8 8 8 8 5 4 9 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	01 4 9 6 8 8 8 6 1 4 9 1 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	95 33 64 55 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65	33 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	33 25 25 33 35 25 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35
	8	8	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N					2	9 2 9 8 9 7 9	2 2 8 8 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	202 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	20 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207	207 207 207 207 208 208 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207	207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207	207 207 207 208 208 208 208 208 209 209 209 209 209 209 209 209 209 209	11 207 207 11 11 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 11, 14, 14
6,809	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 4,831 4,831	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 4,831 55,058 194,836	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 4,831 55,058 171,802 171,802	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 4,831 55,058 194,836 171,802 171,802 171,696 36,801	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 55,058 194,836 171,802 112,696 36,801	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 4,831 55,058 194,836 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 55,058 194,836 171,802 171,802 112,696 36,801 14,413 14,502	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 55,058 194,836 171,802 171,802 112,696 36,801 14,502 35,005 99,224	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 55,058 194,836 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936 18,936	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 55,058 194,831 55,058 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,696 36,801 171,696 36,801	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 222,975 194,836 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 55,058 194,831 171,802 112,696 36,801 14,502 35,005 99,224 49,938 14,201 103,284 18,905	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 222,975 55,058 194,836 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,802 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 171,803 17	6,809 170,570 24,062 17,025 46,786 79,308 10,633 222,975 55,058 194,831 55,058 194,836 112,696 36,801 14,502 35,005 35,005 35,005 36,801 14,201 14,201 14,201 16,998 134,950 134,950 49,058
					-											7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7				2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
			7			4	2 4 4	7 2 2 4 5 5	23 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	5 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	200 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	15	8	15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	8	\$113 \$ \$2 \$2 \$3 \$3 \$5 \$5 \$4 \$4 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5	\$ 25	\$112 \$23 \$25 \$33 \$25 \$35 \$35 \$35 \$35 \$35 \$35 \$35 \$35 \$35 \$3
4 51 407	$\downarrow$		1 0		, m = #			1	2	2 4 5 4 3 1 1 4 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2	8 1	2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2	2	2	2	2	2
1 6			- 4 co	1 3 4	1 4 6 - 4	1 4 8 1 4 1	1 4 8 1 4 1 1 8				)     _   &    =   &    &    &    &    &	)     &    &  @  @  @	1   _   ~   ~   ~   ~   ~   ~   ~   ~   ~	1 1 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		_   ~   ~   ~   ~   ~   ~   ~   ~	)   _   _   _   _   _   _   _   _   _			
CHICOPEE	CHILMARK	CHILMARK	CHILMARK CLARKSBURG CLINTON	CHILMARK CLARKSBURG CLINTON COHASSET	CHILMARK CLARKSBURG CLINTON COHASSET COLRAIN CONCORD	CONWAY CO	CONWAY CUMMINGTON	CHILMARK CLARKSBURG CLINTON COHASSET COLRAIN CONCORD CONWAY CUMMINGTON DALTON DALTON	HILMARK LARKSBURG LINTON COHASSET COLRAIN CONCORD CONWAY CUMMINGTON DALTON DANVERS DARTMOUTH	HILMARK LARKSBURG LLINTON COHASSET COLRAIN CONCORD CONCORD CONWAY CONWAN CONWAN CONWAN CONWAN CONWAN CONWAN CONWAN CONCORD CONWAN CONCORD CONWAN CONCORD CONCO	HILMARK LARKSBURG LINTON COHASSET COLRAIN CONCORD CONWAY CUMMINGTON DALTON DANVERS DARTMOUTH DEDHAM DEERFIELD DENNIS	HILMARK LARKSBURG LINTON OLASSET OLRAIN CONCORD CONCORD CONWAY CONWAN CO	HILMARK LARKSBURG LINTON OHASSET OLRAIN ONCORD ONCO	ARKSBURG LINTON OHASSET OLRAIN ONCORD ONCORD ONCORD ONWAY ALTON ALTON SANVERS SANVERS SERFIELD SENIS OIGHTON DOUGLAS DOVER	ARKSBURG LINTON OHASSET OLRAIN ONCORD ONCORD ONCORD ONWAY ONWAY ALTON ALTON ALTON ALTON DEERFIELD DEERFIELD DENNIS DOUGLAS DOVER	ARKSBURG INTON OLRAIN OLRAIN ONCORD ONWAY UMMINGTON ALTON ALTON ARTMOUTH SERFIELD SENNIS OUGLAS DOVER DOVER DUDLEY	ARKSBURG JINTON JUASSET OLRAIN ONCORD ONWAY ONWAY ALTON ALTON ANVERS ARTMOUTH SEDHAM SERFIELD SENNIS JIGHTON DIGHTON DIUDLEY DUNSTABLE	ARKSBURG INTON DHASSET OLRAIN ONCORD ONCORD ONWAY UMMINGTON ALTON ALTON ANVERS ARTMOUTH EERFIELD SENNIS OUGLAS OOUGLAS OOVER DUDLEY DUDLEY DUNSTABLE DUNSTABLE DUNSTABLE DUNSTABLE	ARKSBURG INTON DILRAIN DILRAIN DINCORD DINWAY ALTON ALTON ANVERS ARTMOUTH EENFIELD SIGHTON OUGLAS OUGLAS DUXBURY DUXBURY EAST BRIDGEWATE EAST BRIDGEWATE	ARKSBURG INTON CHASSET CHASSET CHASSET CHASSET CHASSET CONWAY CONWAY ALTON ANVERS ANVERS ANVERS ANVERS CERFIELD CERFIELD COUGLAS COUGRAS COUGLAS COUGL



**(**()

ш
LABLE
AVAI
COPY
O IS

						-		A . A	Mon. Desident
		TOTAL	STATE			Non-Resident	Circulation	Estumation (C.	NOIL-NOIL
	Pop.	GRANTS	(LIG/MEG)	TOTAL	Circulation	<b>4</b> S <b>4</b>	Percent of	Circulation	1 (2)
	Group					Total	Circulation	(NRC cire.	x 30.34)
MINICIPALITY	1988	1988	1991	1988	1661	1988	1661	1988	36
	<	\$19 201	\$18.478	68,991		%00.0			20
FASION	,   •	C1 648		36.293	46,117	34.72%	44.3%	\$4,285	\$6,946
-DGAHIOWN	4	27.73		3.771	4,927	21.13%	19.2%	\$271	\$322
EGREMONI	- •  -	61,13		7.643		0.35%		6\$	20
ERVING	-   c	65,63	\$2.25B	16.789	23,778	%00'0	8.8%		\$711
ESSEX	7	200,24		105 907	601 7.6	1.97%	%6.0	\$711	\$298
EVERETT	ς .	\$34,980		81 900	101 542	9.73%	9.1%	\$2,711	\$3,142
FAIRHAVEN	4 4	\$18,321	\$10,377	198.572	235,876	2.00%	4.5%		
FALL HIVEH	١	<b>"</b>		366 608	328.117	9.18%	9.2%	\$9,673	
FALMOUTH	<u>د</u> ا	200,039		253.158	288,351	26.90%	31.2%	\$23,151	\$30,588
FITCHBURG	0 -	+			9,612		0.0%		
FLOHIDA		1		-	136,853	12.35%	12.2%		
FOXBOROUGH	4 (4	4		540,013		23.13%	27.5%	Z	
HAMINGHAM	1	$\downarrow$		84 378	121,905	2.04%	3.8%		\$
FRANKLIN	*   9	_	00000			3.68%	4.7%	6 \$251	
FREETOWN	. B	+			171 580	17.55%	6.7%	<del>6</del> \$10,831	83,9
GARDNEH	4 ,	7		_	4.050		90.0%	•	20
GAY HEAD		4				2.24%	2.9%	\$383	3 \$509
GEORGETOWN		3 \$6,384	\$0°114						0\$
GILL		_		464 420	182 302	1.34%	2.0%	689\$	9 \$1,240
GLOUCESTER		7	\$24,335	; -}-				32	0\$
GOSHEN		1 \$1,705							0\$
GOSNOLD		$\dashv$		AE 411	71 521	0.30%	4.7%	347	7 💮 💸 \$1,143
GRAFTON		7						\$533	3 \$336
GRANBY		3 \$7,585	5 \$1,277	71,700					20
GRANVILLE	-	_		377 03	67 140	%20 02	19.9%	\$4,526	6 \$4,543
GREAT BARRINGTON	-	-	١			-		\$7,325	5 \$9,817
GREENFIELD	-	_	790,614 06						4 \$ \$471
GROTON		3 \$6,897						\$299	95 \$280
GROVELAND		_	7 \$5,394	4 34,300	34,324	-			4.3
HADLEY		2 \$3,876			000 70	721%	2.6%	662\$	39 \$884
HALIFAX	_	_	95 \$7,436					\$2,354	54 \$3,784
HAMII TON	_	3 \$6,932		9 63,024	80,070				

• = adjusted for inflation (1991 constant dollars)

氏7 ( )

<b>T</b>			=	N	o		ထ	<del>-</del> -	20	53	20	2	20	24.5	23	ဌာ	8	2	02	3 3	2	<b>\$</b> 330	20	\$33	29	2	579	222	833	20	\$2,721	20	\$5,269	<b>\$840</b>	•
Non-Resident	COST	x \$0.34)	<u>[</u> 66]	\$422	20	\$147	86\$	\$21	•	\$2,959		\$12,312		4	\$16,753	C88\$	<b>24</b> 62	\$9,410		\$1,258		3			\$11,267			\$2,522	\$1,833		22.		\$3	•	
Estimated N	Circulation	(NRC circ. x	1988	\$327			\$71	\$29		\$2,393		\$7,674		\$85	806'9\$	\$197	\$374	\$1,740	\$3	\$62	\$1,421	\$686	\$2,939	\$28	\$6,831	25	\$1	\$616	\$1,112		\$1,122		\$2,731	\$612	
Circulation	Percent of	Circulation (	1991	3.2%		0.5%	1.3%	1.0%	%0.0	8.7%	0.0%	13.8%		0.9%	13.3%	11.6%	2.2%	17.9%	0.0%	4.4%	80.0	3.5%		1.0%	19.6%	%0.0 %0.0	2.0%	%v.7	10.2%	960.0	16.2%	0.0%	12.2%	6.0%	
Non-Resident	2 S 2	Total	1988	3.12%		0.00%	0.82%	1.09%		7.66%		11.31%	LIBRARY	1.77%	6.76%	9.19%	2.00%	7.00%	0.07%	0.34%	4.91%	5.10%	11.43%	0.97%	16.25%	0.06%	0.02%	2.12%	5.62%	%00.0	8.12%		6.44%	4.36%	
Ž	Circulation		1991	38,777		86.294	22.253	6,269	58,946	100,047	19,458	262,410	PUBLIC LIE	14,034	370,480	652'6	61,709	154,610	6,212	84,784	899'99	27,705		11,482	169,079	32,188	11,600	100,257	52,868	28,863	49,409	12,280	127,014	41,195	
	TOTAL		1988	30.783		83.656	25,666	7.734	45,185	91,907	17,551	199,635	1	14,140	300,413	6,303	55,174	73,115	13,516	54,028	85,153	39,576	75,634	8,329	123,610	32,139	8,298	85.588	58.223	19.130	40,642	10,520	124,659	41.248	
STATE	(LIG/MEG)		1991	\$5.580		610 369	200	\$3 937	\$16.450	\$7.035	\$3,257	\$56.785	+-	\$1,414	\$16,005	\$2,523	\$12,567	\$13.891		\$12,319				\$3,239	\$18,741	\$8,506	\$3,087	\$10.288	\$8 142		\$6.829	\$3,732	\$81,740	\$6.206	
TOTAL			1988•	\$5 832		£40 76E	611,703	\$11,413 \$2,575	\$17,303	\$7.346	\$3,702	\$57.975	1	\$1,578	\$6.425	\$2.262	\$13,935	\$15,179	\$2.015	\$12,809	\$64,942	\$4,352	\$2.607	\$2.538	\$20.489	\$9.999	\$3,028	611 030	\$11,030	67 169	4_	╁	is	╁╌	
	Pop	G. C.	1988	C	1 -	-	2 0	20	7	•	2	9	1	-	4	-	4	4	2	4	2	2	(C)	1	4	8		-  \	1 0	) (	2 6	1	9	1	
RIC			MINICIPALITY	UANDOCK	TAMPOON .	HANCOCK	HANOVEH	HANSON	HAHUWICK	DUNAUAU DUNAUAU	HATEIEID	UANCEHII I	HAWI FY	HEATH	HINGHAM	HINCOAL F	HOI BBOOK		HOLDEN HOLLAND	HOLLISTON	HO! YOKE	HOPEDA! F	HOPKINTON	NOT	NO SOLITION		HINTINGTON	HONINGION	IPSWICH	NO CONTRACTOR	LANCACTED	- ANECROPOLICH	AWBENCE	100111111111111111111111111111111111111	

1991         1988         1991         1988           73,802         30.85%         37.7%         \$6,153           72,297         10.90%         12.0%         \$6,397           6,792         0.0%         \$28,277           55,801         15.12%         19.9%         \$28,277           3,847         0.0%         \$5,411           13,844         19.77%         29.5%         \$1,936
1988 30.85% 30.85% 10.90% 15.12% 15.12%
1 1 30
1 - 1 - 1
6,792 6,792 6,792 3,847 113,844
\$2,145 4,133 \$20,977 549,900 \$1,650 4,873 \$5,938 80,509
\$1,650
\$6,287
L
•

COST		3	\$122	\$23,608	\$648	\$727	<b>8</b> 73	80	20	\$124	#30K	2 5	200	202	20	SQ 807	700	200	<b>€0 585</b>	200.00	2 6		9	2/80	\$8,140	755.713	<b>5</b> 0.3	\$1,074	20	\$444	23	<b>5484</b>	20	\$6,842	
	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #				91	\$522	\$24			\$234	283	\$885			27/2	000	202	\$7,664		166,83				\$214	\$6,762	\$11,638	\$1,034	\$1,124	\$3,146	\$2,040	\$216	\$343	33	\$3,725	
Circulation	(NRC circ.	1988	\$125	\$8,637	\$391	\$5	65			3	\$1,589	8		ľ	4	1															*	3	3		
tion		1661	1.1%	32.8%	2.8%	3.6%	2.0%	800		2.5%	4.8%	90.0 Se			1.08		10.8%	12.2%	. [	7.6%			0.0%	8.1%	19.1%	9.7%	9.5%	5.3%	\$0.0	1.6%	90.0	2.5%	960.0	12 594	16.5
Circulation	Percent of Circulation			٩	عاد	٠	ه (د			*	8	ક્ર			8		38		LIBRARY	4%			900.0	3.05%	19.43%	7.15%	4.25%	4.75%	7 30%	6 71%	2 58%	2000	200	7800	8.32%
Non-Resident	as a Total	1988	1 31%	18 00%	2 1896	2 87%	1 47%			4.22%	9.47%	50.30%			1.67%		8.96%	7.46%	PUBLIC	6.74%			0.0	3.0	19.4	7.1	1	4	7		5 6	ilc	اذ	1	x
Non		1661	S	3 5	2 2	3 5	200	3 3	38	777	25.4	6 173	3.900		25.489	40,417	267.064	284.237	+-	332 244		1 561	7070	3,100	105 441	EAA 028	40E E01	176.67	2,033	98,834 020,88	000,18	29,003	56,904	259,727	150 084
	Circulation	61	44 040	0,14	060,112	68,033	59,358	7,233	223,938	14 544	55 254		6		25.	19	267	284	4		8			" 6	7 5			7							
		ox ox	3	28,216	141,136	52,691	53,522	4,897	183,795	001	020,02	43,000	0,17		AR 628	20121	A70 000	200 211	21013	20 005	0000	3,050		5,400	1/6,02	102,357	4/8,300	71,513	69,562	126,659	89,390	24,572	48,968	208,346	100
	TOTAL	1088		$\perp$									4	1	9	2 2		_		4		SQC	-	124	6/1	378	282	\$8,305	\$31,110	\$19,599	\$25,719	/99		\$32,369	
STATE	(LIG/MEG)		133	\$4,352	\$25,816	\$13,763	\$7,238	\$3,070	\$23,440		\$7,533	\$9,951	\$1,504		7 00	43,100	42,	\$25,541		NOT	\$92,76\$	21,12			\$5,77	\$15,378									
TOTAL	ro.	į	1988*	\$4,125	\$27,466	\$15,054	\$7,069	\$3.205	\$24,789		\$10,548	\$10,522	\$1,654			\$3,403		\$27,602	\$22,152	DOES	\$184,220	\$1,752	\$1,679	\$1,946	\$5,111	\$16,215	\$68,972	\$8,004	\$35,354	\$20,265	\$25,292	\$5.806	\$11,120	\$35 948	
1	Pop. GR		1 8861	3	↓_	╀		$\downarrow$	┼	├-	3	3	1	-	-	2	3		2	10	9	-	-	-	က	4	9	3	A	4	4	1	4	. "	
_	<u></u>	Ö			-	+	+	+	+						STON							ш	OUGH			<b>J</b>				au	) loada	לבונו ה	21012	2	z
			MUNICIPALITY	2								JE NE	巨	MERY	MOUNT WASHINGTON		KET		Σ	HFORD	DFORD	NEW BRAINTREE	MEW MARI ROROUGH	I EM	RY	NEWRITHYPORT	Z	Z Z	1 40 41/0	NORTH ADAMS	NORTH AND SELECTION		NOHIH BROOKIELD	NOH IH HEADING	NOTAMANTON
			MUNIX	NOTE ICCIN	MIDDLE S		MILLBURY	MILLIS	MILLVILLE	MILION	NOSNON	MONTAGUE	MONTEREY	MONTGOMERY	JUNUO!	NAHAN	NANTUCKET	NATICK	NEEDHAM	NEW ASHFORD	NEW BEDFORD	YEW BR	M WEN	NEW SALEM	NEWRITH	NEWRI	NOTATION	NEW JOIN	1200	E HON	NO.	NON I	NON	NON	Facial



Ł	ż	į
_		1
7	Ÿ	٠.
•	-	=
_	٠.	٠,
=	-	_
_	-	7
٠.	-	=
2	-	
•		
2	5	_
ŧ	-	•
(		3
Ć	٠.	2
ľ		_
١	-	
ł	/	٦
ı	4	J
7	~	ב
	-	_

Non-Kestocut	Ä -	1881	\$1.643	5124	186	1001	000	\$3,671	\$2,705	\$53	\$264	\$10,795	2	\$514	\$25,091	\$647	\$12,166	\$1,406	20	\$1,131	\$36	274	\$53	\$12,797	\$37	\$2,674	\$1,929	\$248	80	\$309	\$9,189	\$8,695	\$123	\$9,459	0\$	
	Circulation COS (NRC circ. x \$0.34)	1988	726 63	6152	2019	\$114	1/1/18	\$3,187	\$1,915	\$29	\$111	\$12,781		\$319	\$13,648	\$514	\$1,835	\$83		\$325		\$62	\$37	\$14,062	\$25	\$34	\$2,117	\$81		\$259	A			\$7,562		
	Percent of Circulation (N	-16	702.07	20.01	1.23	6.6%	5.7%	5.0%	46.0%	1.0%	2.0%	34.6%		2.4%	39.6%	5.0%	15.7%	74.0%	80.0	3.6%	3.9%	2.3%	2.5%	11.7%	1.6%	22.8%	2.9%	6.6%	800	4 3%	A 694	40.01	%6.0	9.4%	900	
Non-Resident Circ	Total Circ		700	9.89%	1.36%	0.74%	5.16%	4.07%	47 64%	0.84%	%US C	35.80%		1 89%	26.93%	4 70%	4 10%	6.80%		1 43%	2/01:1	1 01%	2 17%	44 0496	1 84%	1118	3 45%	171%		2 2004	3.3370	4.9.0	8.50%	0.4030	2000	
Non-I	Circulation			45,175	30,444	61.667	85 984	245 043	27.00.4	17,234	000'01	38,730	2011	760 63	100,00	100,000	38,034	227,919	2,00,0	616,10	92,400	21/2	888'8	6,220	321,697	0,733	099,40	195,009	2/0,11	37,050	21,146	409,501	234,618	40,156	0/6'562	20,499
	TOTAL Ci		8861	66,454	33,123	44 972	216,14	56,683	230,041	11,825	10,282	36,512	010,601		49,674	149,047	32,126	131,542	3,603	63,656	67,086	2,631	9,523		37						22,453	389,667			0	12 844
CYTATE	(LIG/MEG)		1991		69 669	\$6,002	811,018	\$7,549	\$25,025	\$1,544	\$2,083	\$12,341	\$3,987		\$16,027	\$16,685	\$3,766	\$44,193	\$2,194	\$14,588		\$2,118	\$1,782	\$1,918	\$53,608	\$1,428	\$6,289	•		\$2,957					\$20,798	
	TOTAL GRANTS (L		1988	640 247	410,014	\$2,620	\$17,359	\$8,159	\$28,017	\$1,661	\$2,024	\$12,384	\$4,039		\$16,493	\$16,721	\$4,190	<u> </u>	╁	\$15,380	+-	+	\$1,853	\$1,811	5 \$65,484	╀	3 \$6,607	5 \$34,279	╀	1	1	1	4-	4	╀-	+
L	Pop.	_	1088		4	2	4	3	2	2	-	3	8	-	4	4	2	5	-	4	4		+	1	-	  -			-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
-				MUNICIPALITY	NORTHBRIDGE	NORTHFIELD	NOTACN	NOBWEI L	COMOCI	NORWOOD DAV BILIEFS	OAN BLOID O	CANDAIN	CDIFANS	OTIE	OXIO		PALMEN	PAKION	PEABOOT	PELLA M	PEMBRONE	PEPPEHELL	TERO SALANDOLANA	PE LENSHAM	PHILLIPSION	PI ISPIECO	PLAINTIELD DI AINVII I E	PLAINVILLE DI VALOI ITH	FLIMOON	PLYMPION	PRINCEION	PROVINCETOWN	QUINCY	RANDOLPH	HATNIAM	READING

dollars)
constant
(1991
r inflation
1 for
adjustec

Siocat	<b>)</b>	<u>18</u>	\$101	\$36	\$140	\$345	20	20	\$82	05	200	7074	010	899'9 <b>\$</b>	\$318	\$566	\$3,900	\$1,487	20	\$1,207	\$20,690	\$986	20	066\$	\$1,289	\$6\$	\$7,337	\$16	0\$	\$2,549	\$12,117	\$106	\$1,174	\$10,918	\$457	
Non-Kesident	×		\$46	\$19	571	\$142		003	200			1			\$643	\$71	\$755	\$330		252	\$7,749	\$1,071		\$847	\$850	\$50	\$3,922	\$3	\$5,382	\$1,032	\$10,951	\$283	\$1,121	\$10,461	\$450	
Estimated	(NRC cire.	1988	S	6	8									3		.0		 								*						1.0%			3.4%	
Circulation	Percent of Circulation	1991	9.6%	1.5%	2010	707	700	0.03	700 1	1.2%	0.0	2.5%	3.7%	8.9%	3.0%	39.5%	7.0%	5.2%		2.5%	41.5%	1 9%	0.0%	7 894	8.8%	1.7%	9.5%	0.4%	%0.0	3.5%	19.1%	-	4	29.4%	,	
	as a Per Total Cir		0.34%	700%	0.53%	2.91%	0.61%		1.71%	0.80%		1.90%	3.41%	11.34%	4.60%	5 83%	2,50%	1 24%	2/1-1	90000	20.00	20.3070	2.1070	7406	6.7.146	1 16%	200%	0.07%	44 5106	2010	20.27%	2 79%	4 53%	27 16%	2 57%	2, 2, 2
Non-Resident	Circulation	1991 1988	40 720	43,733	080'/	17,182	72,439	89,184		20,194	7,701	11.703	43.577	220 398	21 138	31,130	612,4	103,074	84,101	000	141,989	146,633	152,687	22,630	37,334	43,098	100,71	227,142	12,123	143,695	214,233	100,002	31,102	10,713	103,221	39,554
	TOTAL Circ	1088	2000	40,20/	7,171	7,155	68,272	76,607	15,494	16,655	4 425	7 218	20 505	30,303	163,701	41,095	3,584	103,474	78,330		135,549	108,631	144,572	18,175	28,588	36,271	12,648	195,468	3,702	137,516	146,838	158,91/	29,843	72,735	113,28/	37,118
STATE	6	1001	1221	\$47,292	\$1,869	\$4,400	\$17,527	\$5.044		\$4.313	20 454	451,134	\$2,700	196,53	\$37,190	\$4,975	\$1,458	\$10,661	\$24,491			\$12,836	\$14,050	\$2,445	\$2,514	\$3,053	\$7,876	\$21,359	\$2,102		\$76,604	\$21,444	\$5,272			610 EQ4
TOTAL		•	1988*	\$50,009	\$2,009	\$4.084	\$19,115	CE 489	\$1.406	62 045	45,040	\$2,126	\$2,502	\$6,161	\$39,938	\$6,946	\$1,562	\$8,393	\$24,279		\$16,786	\$12,999	\$14,134	\$2,582	\$2,747	\$3,344	\$7,237	\$22,691	\$1,959	\$17,144	\$93,778	4 \$21,438	2 \$5,215	3 \$5,389	4 \$26,011	000
	Pop.	Group	1988	5	-	0	1	10	7	- 6	7	-	-	2	2	3	-	4	2	-	4	4	4	2	2	2	3	4		4	9		-			
QI(C	~		MUNICIPALITY	BEVERE		GOOGLEGIC	HOCHESTER	HOCKLAND	ROCKPORT	ROWE	ROWLEY	ROYALSTON	RUSSELL .	RUTLAND	SALEM	SALISBURY	SANDISFIELD	CANDWICH	SALIGITS	SAVOY	SCITIATE	SCHOOLE	SEENOW	Signal of the state of the stat	SHEFFIELD CHEI BIIRNF	CHEBRORN	CHIBIEY	CHREWSRIPY	CHITESBIRY	SOMEBRET	SOMERVILLE	SOUTH HADLEY	SOLITHAMPTON	SOLITHBOROUGH	SOLITHBRIDGE	

(1991 constant dollars)
* = adjusted for inflation (19

Non-Resident	COST	x 50.34)	1991	20	20	\$15,665	87.660	\$880	£44 038	\$4.929	241	\$6.952	289\$	669\$	\$49	\$4,711	\$3,827	\$327	\$1,853	\$9,083	\$18,284	\$6,152	29	\$492	\$8,931			129'8\$	222		\$			*	\$276	
Retimated N			1988			\$10 831	670 63	%F.,010	E40 244	63 198	\$15	CR 848	\$351	\$1,175	\$27	\$2,380	\$1,584	\$175	\$1.462						57		29,057	\$4,513		\$205	\$1,977			\$1,813		
20,10	Circumanon	Percent of	-16	<b>%</b> 0.0	1	72 007	14.094	14.370	3.13	32.5%	10.77	700 20	20.10	7 596	0.3%	13.4%	969.9	11 894	18 694	17 004	13.2%	10.10	10.13	2.0	16.606	3.1%	17.7%	5.4%	0.3%	3.4%	4 2%	4.1%	14.8%	10.6%	1.9%	
	Non-Resident CI	asa P			VOVOGI	- 1	14.29%	7.73%		28.56%	16.00%	1.5/%	34.50%	40 4 504	12.1070	9.000	90000	3.5070	2000	18.6870	10.89%	10.4370				16.42%								<u> </u>		
		Circulation			7,493	-+	257,388	157,558	83,507	398,533	77,528	2,086	65,328	51,837	27,419	48,518	103,411	170,541	8,141	29,306	149,237	407,405	179,157	13,549	45,236	158,238	72,349	179,089				8			-	42.583
		TOTAL	900	1960	6,799	HAVE A	222,929	111,966	81,074	415,412	58,795	2,875	75,436	40,840	28,428	34,490	86,471	141,032	6,750	23,018	125,467	281,901	110,777	9,778	32,662	139,606			223,171							24 040
	STATE	(LIG/MEG)		1661	\$1,531		\$28,325	\$9,580	\$18.838	\$19,660	\$1,580	\$2.128	\$3,569	\$5,585	\$6,185	\$4,201	\$3,094	\$29,013	\$1,873	\$1,359	\$10,393	\$50,468	\$14,153	\$2,046	\$5,963	\$7,251	\$13,511	\$9,632		\$1,852			\$3,			١
	TOTAL	(A)		1988	\$1.690	1	\$31 405	666 68	618 319	\$21.081	\$1.653	000 63	\$3,336	\$6.167	\$6,893	\$3,934	\$3,070	\$29,966	\$1.958	\$1.498	<u> </u>	╀	╀	╀	3 \$5.618	igapha	4 \$14,840	╀	+	╄	-	╀	2 \$3,148	3 \$9,834	4 \$15,322	1
	<u></u>	Pop.	Group	1988	-		· u	>	•	r u	30	4	- 0	1 6	m	2	2	2	1	-	4	ď	+		-	1			<del> </del>	-	-	-	-		-	1
				MUNICIPALITY		WAHWICH	WASHINGLON	WATERICWN	WAYLAND	WEBSTER	WELLESLEY	WELLFLEEI	WENDELL	WENHAM STON	WEST BOTCSTON	WEST BRIDGEWSTER	WEST BROOK TEL	WEST NEWSON	WEST STANGETIELD	WEST STOCKBUILDE	WEST LISBURY	WEST BOTOGET	WESTFIELD	WESTFORD	WESTHAMPTON	WESTMINSTER	WESTEDAT	MESTICAL	WESTWOOD	WETWOOLI	WHAIELT	WALLENAM	WILDRAILING	WILLIAMSTOWN	NOT WING TON	WILMINGTON



	_	TOTAL	STATE			Non-Resident	Circulation	Estimated	Non-Resident
	Pop.	GRANTS		TOTAL	Circulation	asa.	Percent of	Circulation	COST
	2000		•			Total	C.rculation	(NRC circ.	x 50.34)
MINICIPAL ITY	1988	1088	1861	1988	1991	1988	1991	1988	1931
MUNICILALEN A		1	000	770 000	247 245	7.54%	8.6%	\$5,850	\$6,937
WINCHESTER	4	\$16,908	\$15,902	770,022	27,107				20
MINDSOB	-	-							C
1000		404	620 GEA	59 553	68.407	0.34%	0.0%	RO#	7
WINTHROP	4	921,100			100 001	1 6506	1 10%	\$556	\$472
Nalian	2	\$34,753	\$33,165	99,238	120,307	0.00.1		18	2
NILOG		1	£100 328	784 314	707.204	14.95%	16.4%	\$38°	4
NORCESTER	1	\$213,021	۱	100	10 167	4 77%	4.1%	09\$	\$267
NOTENINETON	_	\$2,010	\$1,882	702'5	101'61		700 +	6363	765
	1	20 05	60 003	46.963	50,614	1.58%	1.37		
WRENTHAM	5	CC0'04	ľ	2000	450 656	7 9896	11.2%	\$4,479	\$5,813
VADMOLITH	4	<b>S15.687</b>	\$14,624	CCD,COT	135,030				

